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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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CLEVELAND'S CABINET.

His Official Family Announced Before the Inauguration.

Biographical Sketches of the Presidential Advisers.

In defiance of numerous precedents in the case Mr. Cleveland removed the ban of secrecy which usually makes the composition of the Presidential cabinet a mystery until the inauguration, and as fast as he had chosen his advisers and their acceptances of the positions were received official announcement of the fact was made from the "Little White House" at Lakewood, N. J. The list of appointments as thus given out, supplemented by a biographical sketch of each cabinet minister, is as follows:

Secretary of State—Walter Q. Gresham, of Illinois.

Secretary of the Treasury—John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky.

Postmaster-General—Wilson S. Bissell, of New York.

Secretary of War—Daniel S. Lamont, of New York.

Secretary of the Navy—Hilary A. Herbert, of Alabama.

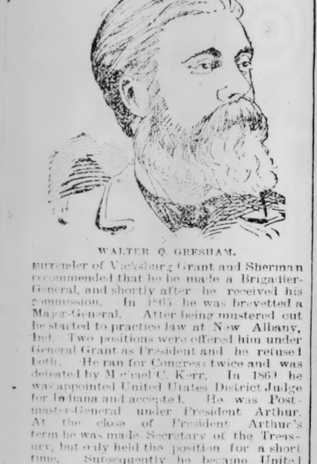
Attorney-General—Richard Olney, of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the Interior—Hoke Smith, of Georgia.

Secretary of Agriculture—J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska.

Secretary of State.

Judge Walter Quintin Gresham, who will occupy a seat in the Cleveland Cabinet as Secretary of State, was born on March 17, 1832, in a queer old farmhouse near Lanesville, Harrison County, Ind. His father, William Gresham, was Sheriff of a backwoods county, and when Walter was two years old the father was shot while attempting to arrest an outlaw by the name of Sipes. Judge Gresham was then next to the youngest of five small children. His mother was poor and owned a small farm. She managed by hard work to keep the family together, and, as a boy, Walter followed the plow and studied by night. When sixteen years of age he obtained a clerkship in the County Auditor's office, and with the money earned he defrayed his expenses at school and at Bloomington University. Returning to Corydon he studied law in the office of Judge W. A. Porter. When twenty-two years of age he was admitted to the bar. In politics he was a Whig, and joined the Republican Party when it was organized. His partner was a delegate to the convention which nominated John C. Fremont in 1856, and young Gresham stumped the State for the Pathfinder. In 1860 Gresham was elected on the Republican ticket to the Legislature. When the war broke out his constituents wished him to return to the Legislature but Gresham wouldn't have it, and enlisted as a private in the Thirty-eighth Regiment. Almost immediately he was made its Lieutenant Colonel. At Leggett's Hill, before Atlanta, he was shot in the knee, and he has never since that time recovered from the effects of the wound. After the surrender of Vicksburg Grant and Sherman recommended that he be made a Brigadier-General, and shortly after he received his commission. In 1865 he was brevetted a Major-General. After being mustered out he started to practice law at New Albany, Ind. Two positions were offered him under General Grant as President and he refused both. He ran for Congress twice and was defeated by Michael C. Kerr. In 1869 he was appointed United States District Judge for Indiana and accepted. He was Postmaster-General under President Arthur. At the close of President Arthur's term he was made Secretary of the Treasury, but only held the position for a short time. Subsequently he became United States Judge for the Seventh Judicial Court. In 1885 he made some remarkable decisons in the celebrated Wabash cases. He was a candidate for the Republican nomination for President in 1884 and again in 1888. He seceded from his party in the last campaign and announced his intention of voting for Grover Cleveland.



WALTER Q. GRESHAM.

Secretary of the Treasury.

JOHN G. CARLISLE.

John Griffin Carlisle, who resigned his seat in the Senate in order to accept the position of Secretary of the Treasury, is a native of Campbell (now Kenton) County, Kentucky, where he was born on September 5, 1835. He received his schooling from the common schools of the county and subsequently became a school teacher at Covington. He began the study of law, and in 1858, at the age of twenty-three, he was admitted to the bar. He began practice at Covington and met with almost immediate success. When the war opened he was a member of the Kentucky Legislature. After the war he served in the State Senate and as Lieutenant-Governor. In 1876 he was elected to represent the Covington District in Congress and was reelected biennially thereafter up to 1890, when, on May 17, he was chosen to complete the term of James B. Beck, deceased, in the United States Senate. As a member of Congress he ranked high as an authority on fiscal and economic subjects. He served as Speaker of the Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth and Fiftieth Congresses. He was a recognized leader in the Senate, where in debate he was ready and so netimes aggressive. When speaking he was deliberate and unemonstrative. He was a careful student and a hard worker.

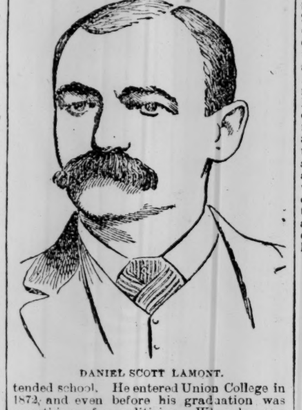
Postmaster-General.

Wilson Shannon Bissell, who succeeds Mr. Wanamaker as Postmaster-General, is a Buffalo lawyer. He was born in New London, N. Y., December 31, 1847, and when he was six years old his parents removed to Buffalo. He studied in the schools of that city, and then entered Yale. At the age of twenty-two he had graduated and was studying law with A. P. Lansing, who subsequently formed a partnership with Mr. Cleveland and Oscar Folsom. In 1872 Mr. Bissell formed a partnership with Lyman K. Bass, and a year later the firm became Bass, Cleveland & Bissell. The firm dissolved on the removal of Mr. Bass to Colorado and the election of Mr. Cleveland as Governor. Mr. Bissell reorganized the firm with new partners and built up a large practice. He is regarded as an able railroad lawyer. He has been President of two or three small railroads in the western part of New York State and Pennsylvania. He is also a director in a number of corporations. He is a man of strong convictions, but is uniformly good natured. He is President of the Buffalo Club, and Mr. Cleveland is very fond of him. When Mr. Cleveland was married Mr. Bissell acted as best man.

WILSON S. BISSELL.

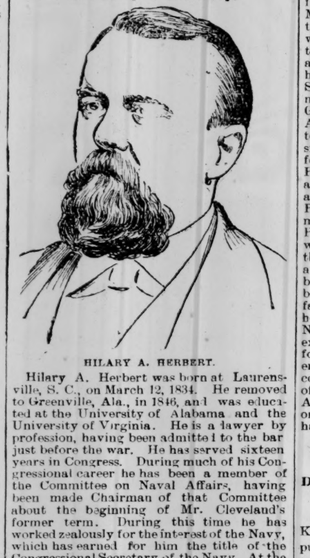
Secretary of War.

Daniel Scott Lamont, who is to be President-elect Cleveland's Secretary of War, is now forty-one years old. He was born at Cortlandville, Cortland County, N. Y. For thirty-five years, up to a short time ago, his father was a storekeeper in a Cortland County town called McGrawville. Mr. Lamont's first work was performed as his father's clerk, and at the same time he attended school. He entered Union College in 1873, and even before his graduation was something of a politician. When he was nineteen he was Deputy Clerk in the Assembly, and at twenty, which was in 1871, he was a delegate to the Democratic State Convention at Rochester. When Lamont was twenty-one he was nominated by the Democrats for County Clerk of Cortland County, but lost. In 1874 he ran for Assembly and lost by a few votes only. He then became Deputy Clerk of the Assembly at Mr. Tilden's request. Subsequently he was appointed Chief Clerk of the State Department. When Governor Tilden organized the party in the State he called upon young Lamont, among others, for assistance. In 1875, during the State campaign, he was Secretary of the State Committee. He was actively engaged in every campaign up to the time he went to Washington as Grover Cleveland's Private Secretary. When Cleveland was Governor, Mr. Lamont accepted the post of Military Secretary of the Staff, and the position carried with it the title of Colonel. When in 1889 Mr. Cleveland retired to private life Mr. Lamont accepted an offer from William C. Whitney and Oliver H. Payne and became associated with them in the projects of the Metropolitan Traction Company. Mr. Lamont is of a quiet disposition. He is slow when talking and of modest demeanor. He married Miss Julia Kenney of Cortland in 1874, and they have toree children.



DANIEL SCOTT LAMONT.

Secretary of the Navy.



HILARY A. HERBERT.

Hilary A. Herbert was born at Laurensville, S. C., on March 12, 1834. He removed to Greenville, Ala., in 1846, and was educated at the University of Alabama and the University of Virginia. He is a lawyer by profession, having been admitted to the bar just before the war. He has served sixteen years in Congress. During much of his Congressional career he has been a member of the Committee on Naval Affairs, having been made Chairman of that Committee about the beginning of Mr. Cleveland's former term. During this time he has worked zealously for the interest of the Navy, which has earned for him the title of the Congressional Secretary of the Navy. At the time the Civil War broke out Mr. Herbert entered the Confederate service as a captain and was soon promoted to the Colonelcy of the Eighth Alabama Volunteers. He was disabled at the battle of the Wilderness, in 1864. At the close of the war he resumed his law practice, and in 1872 removed to Montgomery, which has since been his home. In 1876 he was elected to Congress and reelected in 1878, 1880, 1882, 1884, 1886, 1888 and 1890. He is a widower, with three children—a married daughter, a younger daughter who is popular in Washington society circles, and a son at school. His left arm is shorter than his right, the result of injuries received in the battle of the Wilderness. In Washington Mr. Herbert lives at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Attorney-General.

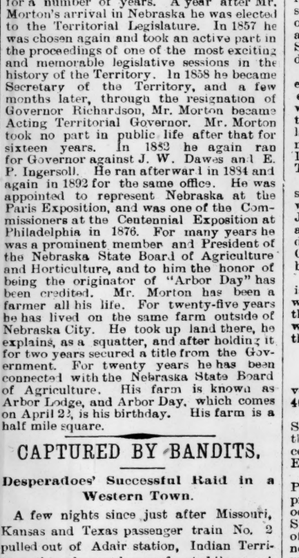
Richard Olney was born in Oxford, Mass., September 15, 1835, and is a member of the Massachusetts bar. He was graduated from Brown University in the class of '56. He studied law at the Harvard Law School, and entered the law offices of Judge Benjamin F. Thomas, in Boston, in 1859. He advanced rapidly in his profession and was for many years counsel for the Eastern Railroad Company, and after the consolidation was retained as counsel for the Boston & Maine, a position which he now holds. He is also counsel for the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroads. In Boston Mr. Olney is known as an old line Democrat, although he was never actively engaged in politics. He has on several occasions refused to accept public preference to confine himself to his law practice. He has at least twice refused to accept a place on the bench of the Supreme Court of his State, Governor Russell having been desirous to appoint him when the last vacancy occurred. Mr. Olney served one term in the lower branch of the Massachusetts Legislature in 1874, and once accepted the Democratic nomination for Attorney-General of the State, although it was only an honorary nomination. When the vacancy occurred in the office of Chief Justice of the United States, Mr. Olney's name was presented to President Cleveland, but the appointment went to Melville M. Fuller.

Secretary of Interior.

HOKE SMITH.

Hoke Smith, of Georgia, named as Secretary of the Interior, is thirty-eight years old and was born in North Carolina. His father was H. H. Smith, and the new comer was named Hoke after his mother, who was a Miss Hoke. The Hokes are an eminent Southern family, and are represented in North Carolina, Georgia and Tennessee. He began to practice law in Atlanta in 1876, and he stands well in the profession. Mr. Smith is over six feet tall and weighs about 350 pounds. He has regular features and a deathly pale complexion, which is not an indication of bad health for he scarcely knows what it is to be ill. In some ways he bears a forcible resemblance to Mr. Cleveland. His fame has been won as a politician and not as a lawyer. He is the owner of the Atlanta Journal, an afternoon newspaper, but does not claim to be an editor. The income from his law business is estimated to be from $30,000 to $35,000 a year. He is known throughout Georgia and in Alabama as an anti-corporation lawyer, and the big suits against railroad companies which he has won for his clients are numbered in the hundreds. Mr. Smith married in 1883 the daughter of Howell Cobb, ex-Governor of Georgia, a Confederate General, who was Secretary of the Treasury under President Pierce. He has three children

Secretary of Agriculture.



J. STERLING MORTON.

J. Sterling Morton was born in Adams, Jefferson County, N. Y., April 22, 1832. While yet a boy his parents removed to Michigan, where he attended the school at Albion and subsequently at the State University at Ann Arbor. He went later to Union College, New York, where he graduated in 1854. At the age of twenty-two he married Miss Caroline Jay French, and started almost immediately with his bride for the West. He located first at Bellevue, but shortly afterward removed to Nebraska City, where he became the editor of the Nebraska City News, which position he held for a number of years. A year after Mr. Morton's arrival in Nebraska he was elected to the Territorial Legislature. In 1857 he was chosen again and took an active part in the proceedings of one of the most exciting and memorable legislative sessions in the history of the Territory. In 1858 he became Secretary of the Territory, and a few months later, through the resignation of Governor Richardson, Mr. Morton became Acting Territorial Governor. Mr. Morton took no part in public life after that for sixteen years. In 1882 he again ran for Governor against J. W. Dawes and E. P. Ingersoll. He ran afterward in 1884 and again in 1892 for the same office. He was appointed to represent Nebraska at the Paris Exposition, and was one of the Commissioners at the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia in 1876. For many years he was a prominent member and President of the Nebraska State Board of Agriculture and Horticulture, and to him the honor of being the originator of "Arbor Day" has been credited. Mr. Morton has been a farmer all his life. For twenty-five years he has lived on the same farm outside of Nebraska City. He took up land there, he explains, as a squatter, and after holding it for two years secured a title from the Government. For twenty years he has been connected with the Nebraska State Board of Agriculture. His farm is known as Arbor Lodge, and Arbor Day, which comes on April 22, is his birthday. His farm is a half mile square.

CAPTURED BY BANDITS.

Desperadoes' Successful Raid in a Western Town.

A few nights since just after Missouri, Kansas and Texas passenger train No. 2 pulled out of Adair station, Indian Territory, three desperadoes confronted the agent and robbed him of $8700.

Eighteen citizens who appeared on the scene were made to hold up their hands and were marched at the points of the bandits' guns to one of the commercial stores in the town, which was robbed of $300.

The robbers then marched the men to the stock yards where their horses were hitched. They then mounted and departed.

CENTENARIANS DEAD.

Mrs. Catharine Ross, of Nova Scotia, Leaves 208 Grandchildren.

Three of the oldest people in Nova Scotia died within a week. One was Malcom McMullin, aged 106. He lived at Catalone, Cape Breton, with his son, grandson and great-grandson, and for years past it was a daily occurrence to see the four generations working in the fields together.

Mrs. Catharine Ross, of Northeast Margaree, died, aged 101, leaving 208 grandchildren. Mrs. Donald Chisholm, aged 102, died at Guysboro Intervale.

SHOT WHEN EXTRADITED.

Desperado Lopez Executed Just Across the Mexican Border.

A special received from Lisbee, near the Mexican border, states that Eduardo Lopez, a desperado wanted in Mexico for the murder of a prominent official at Fronteras, was turned over to the Mexican authorities under extradition.

The Territorial officers accompanied the prisoner to the line. The Mexican officials then took Lopez 300 feet upon Mexican territory, bound him to a post and shot him dead. Lopez had killed a score of men in Sonora and in Arizona in the last five years

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

The Latest Intelligences From at Home and Abroad.

Miss Julia Force, of Atlanta, Murders Two Younger Sisters.

Just before 2 o'clock a few afternoons ago at Atlanta, Ga., Miss Julia Force, thirty-eight years old, shot and killed her two younger sisters, Florence, thirty years old, and Minnie, twenty-five, at the residence of their brother, A. W. Force, on Crews street. Soon after Miss Force entered Police Headquarters and gave herself up, saying to Captain Wright: "I have committed a crime, and want to get the protection of the law." She is thought to be insane. She is a member of an old and historic southern family. The tragedy was the result of family differences. A domestic employed by the family says the young woman has been out of her head for months.

An officer was sent to the house. A. W. Force, a brother of the girl, had just got home. Miss Florence Force, one of the slain sisters, had been an invalid for some time. The position in which her body lay indicated that she had risen from the bed in alarm, and just as her feet touched the floor had received the shot which killed her.

She was lying on her back across the bed, both hands pressed to her cheek in the attitude of fright. Her eyes were wide open, with the fixed death stare, and her features were hard to recognize. She wore her night dress easily. There was no evidence of a struggle in the room. The medicine bottles were in their places on the table by the bed.

Miss Minnie, clad in a house dress of dark brown, lay at full length on her back with her arms extended, as if she had thrown them up as she fell backward. She looked as if she had been advancing to the door when her sister entered, pistol in hand, and had received the fatal shot directly in the face.

When the reporters entered this room the aged mother of the three sisters was bent over the dead body of Miss Minnie, moaning and uttering exclamations of the deepest grief. Mrs. Force had been down town when the tragedy occurred, and had just returned to the house to find two of her daughters corpses and the other in the hands of the police.

The room occupied by Miss Julia Force was a picture of neatness and order. The bed was neatly and freshly made, the toilet articles on the bureau were in their places, and the only indication of the awful crime that had been done was a pistol, the weapon which had done the deed. It was a thirty-two calibre double action revolver. It was new, and had never fired other than the two shots.

The funeral of the Misses Force took place next day from their late residence. Episcopalian and Presbyterian ministers officiated, one of the dead women being an ardent worker in the Episcopalian Church and the other in the Presbyterian Church.

The World's Fair Tickets.

For a week the bank note factories at Dalton, Mass., have been making peculiarly distinctive paper that is to be used for tickets of admission to the World's Fair. The first order, which was for 5,000,000 tickets, has been shipped to New York, so that the American Bank Note Company may have time for the elaborate engraving on the ticket. It is expected that many will be sold as souvenirs. To guard against counterfeits it has been decided that between the sheets of paper of which the card is composed there shall be scattered planchets of tissue paper. These planchets are of different sizes, the largest as big as a pinhead. They are of three colors, blue, pink and salmon, the shades being plainly discernible through the thin paper on both sides. The planchets are not scattered all over the card, but simply in a row less than an inch wide across from top to bottom. The tissue cut in these little disks is expensive, and considerable will be saved by using them only in the centre of the ticket. The chief reason for placing them in this way is the increased difficulty in counterfeiting.

The size of the tickets will be 2¼ by 4½ inches. The style of tickets was approved by the Treasury Department when W. Murray Crane was in Washington a week ago.

Five Life Savers Drowned.

Sow and Pigs Reef, extending southwest from the island of Cuttyhunk, Massachusetts, was the scene of a thrilling fatality the other night. Five gallant life savers, while attempting to rescue the crew of the brig Sagua, bound from Cuba for Boston, were drowned.

The vessel ran on the reef early in the evening and was discovered by William Eisener, son of the light keeper at West End, who hastened to the village and sent word to the life savers. Their boat was soon launched, despite the terrible sea, and was manned by Captain Timothy A. Akin, Jr., Isaiah H. Tilton, Eugene Brightman, Josiah Tilton, Hiram Jackson and Frederick Akin.

After a hard battle they reached the vessel's side, only to be struck by a tremendous wave and capsized. All of the crew except Josiah Tilton were drowned. Tilton grasped a rope thrown from the brig and was dragged on deck. Another rope, thrown to Captain Akin, was tied on him three times, but slipped every time.

The loss of the crew was not known to the islanders until next morning, and then wives, sisters, parents and children thronged the beach in despair. The crew of the brig was rescued by means of a breeches-buoy, the line being fired from the tug Elsie.

Extra Session of the Senate.

The President issued a proclamation convening the Senate in extra session on the 4th of March. The proclamation says:

Whereas, Public interests require that the Senate should be convened at 12 o'clock on the 4th day of March next to receive such communications as may be made by the Executive:

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the Senate of the United States to convene at the Capitol in the city of Washington, on the 4th day of March next at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice.

This is the usual course pursued at the outgoing of each Administration, to enable the Senate to "advise and consent" to the Cabinet selected by the incoming President. It is also customary at the same session to send in the names of Ministers selected for the most important foreign posts and other leading offices at home.

Killed a Girl and Himself.

J. Frank Gilbough until a few months ago was a clerk in the freight department of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad Company at Galveston, Texas.

People near Sixteenth street and Avenue I were startled at 5 o'clock the other afternoon by the report of three pistol shots. Gilbough's body was found lying across the sidewalk, his head in a pool of blood from a wound just back of his right ear. The body of Miss Dora Wassam was by his side. The father of the dead girl, A. M. Wassen, a real estate dealer, said:

"This is my daughter. The man who killed her is Frank Gilbough. He wanted her to marry him, but my wife objected on account of her age. She was only seventeen years old."

Congo Arabs Defeated.

The Congo State has received dispatches to the effect that Commander Dhanis has defeated a horde of Arab slave traders in Africa, under Tippu Tib's son, and has captured 500 prisoners and 600 rifles.

The fight took place near Sefu, on the Lomami River. During recent skirmishes between the Europeans and the Arabs M. Lippens, formerly a resident of Kasongo, and Lieutenant De Bruyn were killed. Lieutenant Chaltin routed the Arabs at Yadumba and freed eighty slaves who were dying of starvation. Unless cannon be sent at once, he adds, the Europeans cannot hope to hold their own.

Two Brothers Found Dead.

Thomas and John Fagan, brothers, aged about eighty years, were found dead on the floor in their house, four miles north of Holly, Mich. They lived entirely alone, and it is not known when or how they died, but suicide is suspected.

They were rich, and their money is supposed to be buried. Their peculiar dress and habits have excited much comment in the past. It is thought that they had been dead several days.

Murders Her Mother and Cousin.

Jennie Wonch, sixteen years of age, murdered her mother and cousin, a boy of five years old, in a shanty in which they lived near Craigieth, Canada. The girl used an axe, and the bodies of her victims were horribly mutilated.

Jennie's brother says her sister wanted her mother out of the way so she could marry her sweetheart.

Ten Persons Drowned.

While a peasant wedding party was crossing the Dnieper near Ekaterinoslav, Russia, the ice broke and two sleighs, containing ten persons, disappeared under water. All were swept under the ice and were drowned.

A PRINCESS PLEADS.

Kaiulani, Seeking Sympathy, Issue a Manifesto to the People.

PRINCESS KAIULANI.

Princess Victoria Kaiulani, the seventeen-year-old Hawaiian girl who was heiress to the throne of Hawaii when it existed, arrived at New York from England on the Teutonic a few afternoons ago. Her escort from her English school was Theodore H. Davies, and her party included Mrs. and Miss Davies and Miss Wnatoff, her companion. The Princess left Honolulu four years ago, when she was thirteen years old, to complete her schooling in England, and during her stay in that country she had been a ward of Mr. Davies and his wife, who reside most of the time in England, although Mr. Davies is the British Consul in Honolulu and one of the largest sugar planters on the island.

Kaiulani is the daughter of Princess Likiliki, who was a sister of the late King Kalakaua and the recently deposed Queen Liliuokalani. Her father is Archibald S. Cleghorn, a Scotchman, who is the present Governor of the island of Oahu, on which Honolulu is situated. It was intended that Kaiuani should remain at school in England until she attained her legal majority, eighteen years of age, next October. Then it was planned for her to be received by Queen Victoria and return to Honolulu, after visiting the President of the United States and making an extended trip through this country. But these plans were violently disarranged by the Hawaiian revolution, and, accompanied by her English guardian, she hastily departed for this country to take a youthful hand in the game of politics in which her throne is the stake.

The Princess Kaiulani is a dignified young woman, tall, slight, straight; has beautiful black eyes and the musical voice of her race. Her sight has been affected by overstudy and she wears glasses of clumsy British make. She talked freely and pleasantly about her life in England, but was disposed to say very little on the subject of Hawaiian politics.

The Princess issued the following address to the American people:

"To the American People:

"Unbidden I stand upon your shores today, where I thought so soon to receive a royal welcome on my way to my own kingdom. I come unattended, except by the loving hearts who come with me over the wintry seas. I hear that Commissioners from my land have been for many days asking this great Nation to take away my little vineyard. They speak no word to me, and leave me to find out as I can from the rumors of the air that they would leave me without a home or a name or a Nation.

"Seventy years ago Christian America sent over Christian men and women to give religion and civilization to Hawaii. They gave us the Gospel, they made us a Nation and we learned to love and trust America. To-day three of the sons of those mission aries are at your capital asking you to undo their fathers' work. Who sent them? Who gave them authority to break the Constitution which they swore they would uphold.

"To day I, a poor, weak girl, with no one of my people near me and all thes Hawaiian statesmen against me, have strength to stand up for the rights of my people. Even now I can hear their wail in my heart, and it gives me strength and courage and I am strong, strong in the faith of God, strong in the knowledge that I am right, strong in the strength of seven millions of people who in this free land will hear my cry and will refuse to let their flag cover dishonor to mine.

KAIULANI."

THOUSANDS STARVE.

Not Such Misery Since the Cotton Famine During Our Civil War.

Great suffering exists in Oldham, England, owing to the prolonged struggle between the master cotton spinners and the operatives. The number out of employment in Oldham alone is 34,000. Thousands of these are destitute of food and fuel, only those who belong to the Operatives' Union receiving union aid.

The prolonged cold weather has caused bitter hardship to multitudes of those out of work on account of the strike, and the frost and snow linger with a persistence that points to fatal suffering unless relief speedily comes to the shivering and starving poor of the great cotton manufacturing centre.

The local authorities are overburdened with demands upon them and private charity has been exhausted by the continual and increasing drain since last November. Oldham has not seen such misery since the time of the American Civil War, when the scarcity of cotton caused thousands of Lancashire operatives to be thrown out of employment.

PASCO FOR SENATOR.

He Will Represent Florida Until the Legislature Meets.

Governor Mitchell appointed Samuel Pasco to be United States Senator from Florida ad interim, beginning March 4th and ending with the election of Pasco's successor by the Legislature, which meets in April.

His commission has been signed and is now in his possession at Washington.

THE annual statement of the Trade and Navigation of the Dominion of Canada for the fiscal year ended June 30 has been issued. Compared with the previous fiscal year the exports show an increase of 15.7 per cent., and the imports actually taken for consumption an increase of three per cent. Exports to the United States last year declined $2,150,663, the volume of exports from Canada being $88,988,027. The imports from the United States were $58,137,574.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

56TH DAY.—The Senate took up the Legislative Appropriation bill, and all the committee amendments were agreed to. The Senators voted themselves clerks at a cost of $44,276 a year. They also voted to continue the Utah Commission and increase the appropriation for the Civil Service Commissioners. No further progress was made in the Legislative bill.——The Senate bill to authorize the Inter-Oceanic Railway Company to construct and operate a railway line through the Indian Territory was passed.

57TH DAY.—The Legislative Appropriation bill was taken up and an amendment was agreed to appropriating $75,000 for the purchase of George Bancroft's library of historical manuscripts and printed books and pamphlets. The bill was then passed.——Business was then suspended in order that fitting tribute might be paid to the memory of the late Representative Francis B. Spinola, of New York. Speeches were made by Messrs. Hill and Hiscock.

58TH DAY.—The Pension Appropriation bill was passed without amendment.——The conference report on the Military Academy bill was agreed to.——The Agricultural bill was reported with a net increase of $38,000. As passed by the House the bill carried $3,294,390, the estimates being $3,315,500.——The credentials of James Smith, Jr., as Senator from the State of New Jersey in place of Senator Blodgett, were placed on file.——At 4 p. m. on motion of Mr. Faulkner business was suspended in order that fitting tributes might be paid to the memory of his late colleague, Senator John F. Kenna, of West Virginia.

59TH DAY.—Mr. Sherman's motion to proceed to executive business was defeated.——The Naval and Agricultural bills and the bill regulating the sale of liquors in the District were passed.

60TH DAY.—The Sundry Civil bill was reported by the conferees.——The Sherman bond amendment was dropped, as was the $800,000 appropriated for the New York Custom House.——The Indian Appropriation bill was reported.——The Postoffice Appropriation bill was placed on the calendar.——Business was then suspended in order that fitting tributes might be paid to the memory of the late Senator Gibson, of Louisiana. The usual resolutions of sorrow and sympathy were adopted.

61ST DAY.—The Senate resumed consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill and passed it.——The New York Bridge bill was laid aside and the Indian bill was taken up, discussed and passed.——The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the Deficiency bill, and at 6 p. m. took a recess till 8 p. m. On reassembling the Deficiency bill was further considered.

In the House.

50TH DAY.—Mr. Harter introduced a bill to provide for the free coinage of silver and gold at the present ratio and upon equal terms.——Mr. Peel moved to go into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of general appropriation bills. Mr. Hatch opposed this motion with his Anti-Option bill, but Mr. Peel's motion was agreed to—yeas, 148, nays, 84, and the consideration of the Indian Appropriation bill was resumed.——At 4:30 o'clock the House then took a recess until 8 p. m., the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills.——The galleries were crowded when the House met in the evening. A motion to proceed to the consideration of private pension bills was responded to by 135 members, and a call of the House was ordered, to which 146 members responded. This being short of a quorum, the House at 9:10 adjourned.

60TH DAY.—The first bill on the calendar was the Indian Appropriation bill. This bill Mr. Holman requested should be passed over for the present. Mr. Hatch objected, and the committee was compelled to rise to submit the question to the House, which decided that the bill should be passed over.——The committee having resumed its session the Sunday Civil bill was taken up, and discussed.——The committee then rose, and public business having been suspended, the House proceeded to pay a tribute of respect to the memory of the late Senator John S. Barbour, of Virginia. After eulogistic remarks by Meredith, Wise, Millikin, Kendall, Tucker and Jones, the House, as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, adjourned.

61ST DAY.—The Indian Appropriation bill was passed.——The conference report on the Military Academy bill was agreed to.——The Senate amendments to the Sundry Civil bill, including the Sherman bond provision, were non-concurred in; the Senate amendment to the Car Coupler bill was concurred in.

62D DAY.—The election contest in the IVth Alabama District was decided in favor of Turpin, Democrat.——The bill putting pig tin on the free list was passed.

63D DAY.—The Anti-Option bill was killed by failing to receive a two-thirds vote to take it up under suspension of the rules. Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, was on the floor when the bill was defeated. During the roll call on the measure he held quite a reception, being introduced to members by Mr. Hoar.——The Senate amendments to the Agricultural Appropriation bill were non-concurred in and the bill was sent to conference.——Mr. Dockery called up the conference report on the District of Columbia Appropriation bill, and it was agreed to.——Before announcing the adjournment the Speaker made the following appointments: Visitors to Naval Academy, Messrs. Cummings, Blount and Robinson; visitors to Military Academy, Messrs. Wheeler, Gorman and Bingham.

64TH DAY.—The House passed the Alabama Court Claim bill over the President's veto.——The Senate amendments to the Postoffice Appropriation bill were non-concurred in and the bill was sent to conference.——The Sundry Civil bill was considered and the disagreeing conference report was agreed to.——The conference report on the Legislative bill was agreed to.——Then the hour arrived for the House to do tribute to the memory of the late Senator Kenna, of West Virginia. Eulogistic speeches were made, and appropriate resolutions were adopted. Resolutions relative to the death of Senator Hearst, of California, were also adopted, but no speeches were made.

VILLAGE SWEPT AWAY.

Fatal Floods From the Overflowing of the Danube.

A terrible calamity has overtaken the village of Gergely, near the town of Paks, in Hungary, on the river Danube, about sixty miles south of Buda. Owing to a sudden rise of the Danube the 1600 inhabitants found the mud huts in which they lived surrounded by water.

The frail dwellings gradually yielded before the furious current, and the people took refuge in the church and school, and, led by their pastor, offered earnest prayers for their safety, and mothers and children clung to the alter, beseeching the intercession of the saints.

At last they decided that to remain would mean destruction, and started out in the flood nearly to their waists in the direction of Paks. One mother with five children sank and perished. Many others were drowned. The people of Paks gave the fugitives all the succor possible.

Nothing could be done toward recovering the bodies until the river, then twenty feet out of bounds, retired within its usual channel.

A COLLEGE BURNED.

The Students Jumped and Six Were Injured, Two Fatally.

The Arkansas Baptist College building, established at Little Rock, Ark., six years ago by the colored Baptists for the education of girls, was burned about 2 o'clock a few mornings ago.

All the students were compelled to jump, and of the twenty, six were badly injured, two, Florida Neeley and Hattie Turner, fatally, the former having her back broken and the latter sustaining internal injuries. Nothing was saved, not even clothing.

IN the British House of Commons a resolution prevailed citing the editor of the London Times to appear and apologize for misstatements concerning the Irish.

HENRY T. THURBER.

The Man President Cleveland Chose for His Private Secretary.

HENRY T. THURBER.

Henry T. Thurber, who accepted the place of private secretary to President Cleveland, is the law partner of Don M. Dickinson, a member of Mr. Cleveland's former Cabinet. He was born in Monroe, Mich., about thirty-eight years ago. He is a graduate of the University of Michigan. Immediately after leaving college Mr. Thurber entered Mr. Dickinson's office at Detroit as a law student. That was eighteen years ago. His progress was rapid, and soon after his admission to the bar he became Mr. Dickinson's partner. Mr. Thurber's present income from his practice is said to be between $10,000 and $15,000 a year.

Mr. Thurber has traveled and studied abroad, and is regarded as among the foremost members of the bar in Detroit. His wife, a daughter of the late General Hugh Brady, is one of the most popular and accomplished women in Detroit society.

Mr. Thurber made the acquaintance of Mr. Cleveland at Washington while Mr. Dickinson was Postmaster-General. The President was very favorably impressed with Mr. Thurber's ability, tact, and knowledge of public affairs, and the friendship which was then begun has continued up to the present. The newly appointed private secretary has never held any political office.

A BAND of conscripts began rioting in the streets of Ghent, Belgium, and put to flight ten gendarmes who tried to restore order. A force of fifty gendarmes eventually attacked them and a hot fight followed. The gendarmes charged with drawn sabres repeatedly, but were driven back until fifteen conscripts had been wounded and twelve had been captured. The rest of the conscripts fled. Four gendarmes were injured.

WHILE this country has been suffering from the severity of the weather it is reported that there has been a phenomenal absence of snow in the Swiss Alps. Transportation has been seriously hampered as the sledges, it is said, are useless, and the Julien pass is traversed on wheels, a midwinter circumstance said to be previously unknown.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

9	BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, 1892, choice	$2 42½	@	2 45
Medium, 1892, choice	2 15	@	2 20
Pea, 1892, choice	2 20	@	2 25
Red kidney, 1892, choice	2 80	@	2 95
Red kidney, poor to fair	—	@	—
Lima, Cal., per bush	2 20	@	2 25
Green peas, 1892, per bbl	—	@	2 00
	BUTTER.		
Creamery—St. & Penn, extra	27	@	—
St. & Penn., firsts	—	@	—
Western, firsts	24	@	25
Western, seconds	22	@	24
Western, thirds	—	@	21
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras	—	@	26
Half tubs and pails, 1sts	24	@	25
Half tubs and pails, 2ds	22	@	23
Welsh tubs, extras	—	@	—
Welsh tubs, 1sts	—	@	—
Welsh tubs, 2ds	—	@	—
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts	21	@	23
W. Im. creamery, 2ds	—	@	20
W. Im. creamery, 3ds	18	@	19
Western Factory, fresh, firsts	20	@	21
W. Factory, seconds	19	@	—
W. Factory and dairy, 3ds	17	@	18
	CHEESE.		
State factory—Full cream, white, fancy	11¾	@	12
Full cream, colored, fancy	11¼	@	12
Full cream, good to prime	11¼	@	11⅝
Part skims, choice	8¾	@	9
Part skims, good to prime	7	@	8
Part skims, common	4	@	6
Full skims	1	@	2½
	EGGS.		
State and Penn—Fresh	—	@	18½
Western—Fresh, fancy	18¼	@	18½
Limed—State	—	@	—
	FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.		
Apples—King, per bbl	—	@	—
Baldwin, per bbl	2 50	@	3 25
Greening, per bbl	2 50	@	3 50
Grapes, up river, Del., 5 lb.	—	@	—
W. N. Y., fresh, 5 lb	15	@	20
W. N. Y., inferior, 5 lb	—	@	—
Cranberries, Cape Cod, bbl.	8 00	@	11 00
	HOPS.		
State—1892, fair to choice

The North Carolinian.

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Communications relative to and of the Interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

CLEVELAND INAUGURATED.

It is President Cleveland again. On Saturday last, amid sleet and snow, he was inaugurated to enter upon a second term as Chief Magistrate of the great Republic. His Inaugural Address, though full of characteristic egotism, is a bold declaration of his views and aim, a part of which is not satisfactory to the selfish "spoilsmen" of what he calls "*my* party." He feels that he enters upon his high office without personal obligations; that he has no oracle to consult but his oath—no master to mind but his sense of duty.

At the new President's back is the good will of the Nation, which thinks he means well, and cares little for the small ambitions and petty motives of those politicians whose patriotism is bounded by self-interest. The CAROLINIAN will gladly commend his every act promotive of the public weal.

TWO KINDS OF FARMING.

Farmer! you have started on another year. Are you going to repeat the blunder of 1892? Or are you on the way of progress? Did you, during the past winter, spend any time in THINKING? Many of you work so hard as to mar your faculties for observation and thought. You destroy the possibilities of a grand result a well-laid and executed plan by delving at a single point. And this point is one you would leave outside the plan entirely, perhaps, had you first devoted yourselves seriously to careful observation. You ought to make progress. Are you going to do so?

Do you ask, "How shall we proceed?" The proper step to take is a removal from out-of-date farming that is slipshod, haphazard and unprofitable to intensive farming. The former is carried on from habit and without thought, and even good farmers catch themselves drifting into it at times. It is so much easier to drift than to struggle up stream. But there is money in farming carried on well—properly, just the same as there is none in the business that runs itself in a hereditary, go-as-you-please way.

CLEAN, ABLE AND PATRIOTIC.

The Administration which closed on Saturday last has earned a highly honorable place in the history of the country. In the cold, clear light of impartial history it will appear worthy of the highest praise for its defense of American interests abroad, for its promotion of American industry at home, for its labors for sound finance, and for its faithful and honest discharge of duty everywhere. It has been clean, able and patriotic.

The next Secretary of Agriculture may not be able to swing a scythe or drive a hay cart with Uncle Jerry Rusk, but he understands Arboriculture, Horticulture and Agriculture, and he raised 1,575 bushels of corn on a 20 acre lot on his Nebraska farm last year, and stumped the State for Cleveland, besides.

The Democrats will control the next United States Senate, they having assured to them the necessary 44 members. This will be satisfactory to the mass of Republicans who desire that the Democrats may, during the next Congress, be infull power and have to stand all the responsibility.

Bourke Cockran's eloquent tribute to President Harrison—"you, who stand before the world to-day a high type of the citizenship of this country, an heroic defender of its integrity, an ornament to its magistracy"—shows the difference between a manly opponent and a cowardly enemy.

The golden days of stock keeping will come only when we have thoroughbred herds on every farm. These will not necessarily be all registered animals, but they will have the qualities for which we now look to the herd book.

A Raleigh correspondent reports that the collection of World's Fair exhibits is now in active progress. Already some 4,000 specimens have been sent in.

Immigration from January 1, 1893, increased 3,082 over that of January 1, 1892, and of this increase nearly one-third were of the most undesirable class.

On Washington's birthday President Harrison raised the "Stars and Stripes" over the first Ocean Steamship transferred from the British flag

It is said that the prevailing suit worn by the Tammany visitors to the Inauguration was the corkscrew.

As Grover dwelt upon the beauties of "civil servic reform" Adlai "winked the other eye."

SURRENDERS CONTROL.

After thirty-two years of power, the Republican Party surrenders control of the Government. It does it not sullenly, nor spitefully, nor with any signs of mortification of defeat. It proudly turns over to its successors a Union it has restored a Nation it has disenthralled and recreated, a Continent it has bound together, populated and made prosperous, with a people at peace with each other and all the world. It passes to history a record of great achievements—of a great trust faithfully, honorably and honestly discharged.

It is in this manner that the Party which thirty-two years ago assumed control of the Government, expressing through the serious utterances of Mr. Lincoln's Inaugural Address its profound sense of solemn responsibility, now surrenders its trust and and gives place to its successors.

AN EARLY START.

"You did not run fast enough," said the station agent to the passenger who missed the train. "I ran fast enough, but I did not start soon enough," said the passenger, as he could get breath enough to reply. And this is a lesson. So much depends on an early start. For instance:

When we see a farmer drawing out manure while others are planting, and planting while others are hoeing, we think that no matter how how hard he may have worked, or how busy he has kept since he began the spring work, the trouble is that he did not start soon enough.

He should have had a part of his land fall-plowed; he should have had his manure drawn to the field during the winter; he have had his seed and fertilizers at home before the ground thawed, and the team and tools should have been in shape to work right on without break or hindrance from the first. Then he would be very apt to "get there" in time,

BEYOND REACH

It is stated that members of the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives who thoroughly investigated the question, became satisfied that Congress cannot pass a law that will reach Trusts organized and operating in various States. The reason is that Trusts do not engage in Inter-State Commerce, which is the only kind that Congress has constitutional power to regulate. Trusts sell their products at the place of production, and when the same become articles of interstate commerce they have ceased to be owned or controlled by trusts: For this reason it is believed that trusts are beyond the reach of Congress.

The State Banking bill, as passed, is to take effect upon the passage by Congress of a bill repealing the 10 per cent tax. Within ninety days after that time there is to be a vote by the people on the question of the issue of $4,000,000 of banking bonds, the Governor to order the election. The CAROLINIAN thinks this was unwise legislation.

Every lover of law and order in the country can rejoice in the victory of the Republicans in the Kansas conflict. They were incontestibly in the right, and any yielding on their part would have been a shameful surrender to the lawless element.

The contract for the State public printing for the next two yehas has finally been signed with Mr Josephus Daniels

Mr Benjamin B Lacey, of Raleigh, has been elected Commissioner of Labor Statistics for North Carolina.

The Legislature finally adjourned at noon on Monday

The Legislature.

The Legislature has adjourned. The total number of bills introduced reached some 1,350. Of these fully three-fourths were local. About twenty-five counties are given authority to levy special taxes. Among the general laws are: An act making an annual appropriation of $10,000 for the Agricultural and Mechanical College, and $5,000 for the purchase and improvement of additional land; an act to abolish the collection of agricultural statistics; an act dividing murder into two degrees; an act to provide for a uniform rule forlimitations of actions against railway corporations for damage for occupation of land; an act in relation to the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad tax matter by which the State receives three years back taxes on the main line, and the counties and towns two years taxes; an act to establish State Banks; an act providing for the equal distribution of the $8,000 appropriated among the Colored Normal Schools of the State; an act to prevent the sale of deadly weapons to minors; an act to prevent fraudulent assignments, requiring that preferred debts must, in five days after the assignment is made, be recorded in the clerk's office, a concise history of the origin and existence of said debt, to be sworn to, and assignees are to give bond and render accounts as administrators do.

It is stated that Mr Brodie Duke, of Durham, has made $500,000 recently speculating in cotton

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WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, March 4 1893.

No man who entered the public life with the Harrison administration has gained the esteem of the people to a greater extent than Levi P. Morton, who has given the office of Vice President a dignity and influence it never before possessed. No other retiring Vice President was ever tendered and given a banquet by the entire Senate, regardless of politics. In political affairs Mr. Morton is a strong partisan, because he believes as firmly as he does in his Bible in the principles of the Republican party, but no Democratic Senator has ever complained or been given a cause to complain of any decision made by him when presiding over the Senate. One of the largest receptions of the year was held at his residence Wednesday night in honor of his successor and Mrs. Stevenson. Mr. Morton has large property interests in Washington and will probably keep up a winter residence here.

There may have been Congresses that accomplished less than the Fifty-second—they all appropriated less money—but if so they were further back than your correspondent can remember. The closing hours of the present Congress do not differ from those of its predecessors, except that there are about ten times as many office-seekers crowding the corridors of the Capitol as were ever here before. In 1889 it was thought that the army of office-seekers which was upon Washington was large, but it was only as a regiment to a corps when compared with that now here. The excitement and turmoil in Congress has been great all this week, but there has been but little business of general interest transacted, as the appropriation bills, which were in an unusully backward condition, have taken up most of the time of both House and Senate. The hot fight which was expected over the Sherman bond amendment was avoided by the friends of the amendment agreeing not to press it that being regarded as the only way to prevent the failure of the Sundry Civil appropriation, as the silver men had announced their intention to filibuster against it to the end of the session.

One of the very few meritorious laws enacted by this Congress is that providing for the use of the automatic car couplers by all interstate railroads, which was forced through the House and signed by the President this week. It is probable that no bill signed by Gen. Harrison during his term gave him more pleasure than this one, which he was so largely instrumental in bringing to the front by persistent recommendations in his annual message to Congress.

Mr. Cleveland arrived yesterday and was enthusiastically received by the assembled office-seekers, who seem to have the idea that dismissal of Republicans is to begin bright and early Monday morning,

By the way, speaking of office-seekers, some of them have introduced a new wrinkle. They carry around—not all of them, but a good many of them—printed cards bearing their names and places of residence, followed by "candidate for chief of the sinecures," or whatever the office is that they are after. A collection of these cards would make an interesting souvenier that would recall the beginning of this administration, in the after years when the rose of Democracy shall have proven too much for a nauseated country, as it will in '96.

If any Democrat who held a prominent office under the last Democratic administration is absent from Washington at this time he must be too ill to come or unable to raise the necessary cash. But they all seem to be here, and every man of them is anxious to get his old place back or a better one. Every Democratic member of the House who failed to get re-elected is a candidate for a Federal office, notwithstanding the report that Mr. Cleveland said he would appoint no man to office who had been repudiated by those who knew him best—his own constituents at home.

Grow Only from the Best.

Prairie Farmer.

If you save seed always save from the best specimens in your collection. Better destroy those of a decidedly inferior character. The commoner or more nearly wild the plant, the more prolific the seed usually. This will very often explain why really good things are dearer than the common kinds. Should you go into specialties you will not be long in finding out that much is done by fertilizing one particular variety with that of another. Care should be taken at the same time by covering the flowers from bees to prevent them or other insects from frustrating your efforts. Even in the matter of propagation by grafting, budding and cuttings, it is well to be sure that the plant is healthy which you propagate from.

There is no manner of doubt that carelessness in this respect has much to do with the notable spread of plant diseases. It may be that the Californians are on the right track after all in establishing quarantines to keep out and destroy foes to their great and growing fruit industry. Even with the great yellows in peaches alone, what a loss there has been by its spread in most of the Eastern States.

A few individuals in any community can do but little to ward off things of this kind, but a general effort surely can, and we must all work to encourage gardening, to produce new plants and to destroy enemies that prey upon plant life.

After ten years trial he gives the palm to Dr Bull's Cough Syrup. Mr M. T. Ghidden, 10th and Susquehanna Ave, Philadelphia, writes: "For about ten years I have used Dr Bull's Cough Syrup in my family, and for coughs and colds, it has proved an excellent and reliable remedy, superior to anything I have ever tried.

Rev. Dr. Cordon, of the N. C. Conference, died at Oxford on the 22nd ult.

Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters.* Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

Monthly Summary of Meteorological Reports for North Carolina—January, 1893.

The North Carolina State Weather Service issues the following summary of the weather for January, 1893, as compared with the corresponding month of previous years.

Temperature.—The mean temperature for the month was 50.8 degrees which is 10.5 degrees below the normal. The highest monthly mean was 89.0 at Wilmington; the lowest 24.4, at Bakersville. The highest temperature recorded was 76 on the 25th at Rockingham; lowest, 17 on the 17th at Bakersville, The warmest January during the past twenty years was that of 1890, when the mean was 50.5; the coldest previously recorded was in 1886, mean 35.5, but January, 1893, is the coldest on record by 5.2 degrees.

Precipitation:—Average for the month (including melted snow) was 2.86 inches, which is 1.66 below the normal. The greatest amount occurred at Columbus, 5.54; least amount, 1.34, at Lynn. The driest January of which there is record was that of 1890, when the total average for the State was 1.41; the wettest occurred in 1883, the average being 7.82 inches.

January, 1893, was remarkable for the amount of snow-fall as well as for low temperatures. The average snow-fall for the State was 14 inches. There were several light snows during the first part of the month, but the greater part of the total occurred on the 18th and 19th. It was heaviest in the central part and lightest in the east.

Wind:—The prevailing direction, was northwest. The normal direction is southwest. Average hourly velocity, 8.5 miles, which is the same as the normal, Highest Velocity, 52 miles per hour from the northeast on the 19th at Kitty Hawk.

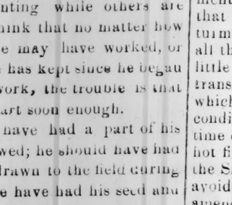
Miscellaneous:—Currituck Sound was frozen over during nearly the entire month. Cape Fear River at Fayetteville frozen over 19th to 27th. Albemarle Sound frozen from 2d to 28th, 8 to 14 inches. Neuse River frozen over at Newbern from 18th to 28th. Roanoke River frozen over at Weldon on 17th to 28th. Tar River frozen over at Tarboro on 18th to 27th.

Some observers report that there was sufficient snow on the ground from 1st to 26th to protect grain.

The only previous winters comparing with the present in severity occurred in 1856 and 1857.

It Should be in Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay street, Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, Cooksport, Pa, claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung trouble. Try it. Free trial bottles at Alex Wadsworth's Drug Store. Large bottles, 50c and $1



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NORTH CAROLINA, } In the
Pasquotank County, } Superior Court.

John L. Munden, plaintiff,
vs.
Mary W. Munden, Penelope F. Munden, Lutie Ward and her husband Charles J. Ward, Charles M. Munden, Joshua W. Munden, Clarence B. Munden and M. B. Culpepper, Guardian ad Litem.

The defendants will take notice that the above named plaintiff has filed a petition in the Superior Court of Pasquotank County for the sale for partition of a certain lot of land and improvements thereon in Elizabeth City, N. C., belonging to the estate of the late Mary A. Munden, mother of said plaintiff and defendants. Said premises to be sold and the proceeds to be divided among the heirs at law of the deceased. And the said defendants, especially Mary W. Munden, who is a non-resident of this State, will take notice that they are required to appear at the courthouse in Pasquotank County on the 20th day of April 1893 and answer the complaint in this cause filed in the clerk's office of said court, or demur to the same, or the relief prayed for will be granted.

Signed at office in Elizabeth City, N. C., March 4th, 1893.

J. P. OVERMAN,
Clerk Superior Court.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.

There is no safer or better investment for small or large sums of money than the stock of

The Wright Universal Electric Co.

This Company owns some of the most valuable patents ever issued by the United States Government for Electric Lighting, Electric Batteries, Electric Motors, Electric Dynamos, and many other valuable

ELECTRICAL INVENTIONS.

This Company owns the only patent in existence for a practical ELECTRIC LAMP for HOME USE. The Company's

Electric Lamps for Family Use

can be carried about the house and used the same as a kerosene lamp. There is no smoke, no smell no danger, and you have a Beautiful Electric Light instead of the fluttering, smoky light of an oil lamp or a gas jet.

The Wright Universal Electric Company has two large factories, both running to their full capacity, and they are unable to fill their many orders on time. Hundreds of orders are turned away because the goods cannot be made. The Company must have more factory facilities, and for that reason it is compelled to sell a limited amount of Treasury Stock. There is nothing which pays such

BIG PROFITS

on the amount invested as first-class Electrical Stocks. If you had purchased a few shares of the Bell Telephone Stock, or the Edison Electric Stock, or the Thompson-Houston Electric Stock, when those companies were young, your profits on the investment would have made you rich. The stock of the Wright Universal Electric Company affords just as good an opportunity to

MAKE MONEY

as any electric stock which has ever been offered to the public. The Wright Universal Electric Stock will increase in value every month, and the price will be raised every month. You will never again see the time when you can buy it as low as we are now offering it. If you want to buy a stock which will afford perfect safety and pay big profits send for our prospectus and catalogue to-day, with price of stock, terms of payment and full particulars of our business. Address

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New York.
North Carolina Shad a specialty Stationery and Stencils furnished on application.

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In Fresh Fish, Lobsters
Etc., Etc.
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North Carolina Shad a Specialty. No Agents.

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Consignments solicited. Prompt returns. Established Fifty years. Letters answered.

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Fresh Fish,

Lobsters, Turtle, &c
No. 19, Fulton Fish Market,
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Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHTS

And Dealers in Fish
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Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

-- P. EWELL, --
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler
Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO Repairing, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.
SEE SIGN BIG WATCH
Water St, (next door to Overman's co
Elizabeth City, N. C.
10 Years Experience at Bench

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We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J. Y. Old & son, on Water street We have a large and nicely selected stock of all kinds of
FURNITURE
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS
which will be sold at "Bottom prices." Goods will also be sold on the installment plan.
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is easily earned by any one of either sex in any part of the country, who is willing to work industriously at the employment which we furnish. The labor is light and pleasant, and you run no risk whatever. We fit you out complete, so that you can give the business a trial without expense to yourself. For those willing to do a little work, this is the grandest offer made. You can work all-day, or in the evening only. If you are employed, and have a few spare hours at your disposal, utilize them, and add to your income,—our business will not interfere at all. You will be amazed on the start at the rapidity and ease by which you amass dollar upon dollar, day in and day out. Even beginners are successful from the first hour. Any one can run the business—none fail. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business which we offer. No capital risked. Women are grand workers; nowadays they make as much as men. They should try this business, as it is well adapted to them. Write at once and see for yourself. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, Portland, Me.

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$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
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See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.
Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
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Liver and Blood
SYRUP
A POWERFUL TONIC
PURE LIVER REGULATOR
PERFECT BLOOD PURIFIER
Mr. Bert Marchbanks, Druggist, Sparta, Tenn., informs us that a case of scrofulous sore eyes was cured by taking three large bottles of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup.
Price, 50c and $1.
Treatise on Liver and Blood Diseases Mailed Free.
Dr. H. S. Thacher Medicine Co.,
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Highest Market Price Paid for
COTTON SEED,
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BAGS FURNISHED
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Handsomer Than Ever. Finest of All.
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A MAGNIFICENT ORGAN with a pure, sweet tone, from the softest whisper to the full power of the grand harmony of an orchestra. Has 13 stops, 3 octaves, 4 sets of reeds and all possible combinations.
NEW STYLE 21 With Stool & Instructor ONLY $80
AND WE PAY THE FREIGHT.
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NO CURE NO PAY
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WE WILL MAIL A BOX OF
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THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE FOR
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If you have TETTER, it matters not how long it has existed, TETTERINE will as certainly cure you as you use it.
Harmless, Painless and Fragrant.
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BEST SIMPLEST AND CHEAPEST
THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed in the meat in the roaster, and acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no shrinkage or burning, no waste or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers. No agents supplied by
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The Only Remedy of its Kind.
RELIEVES AT ONCE
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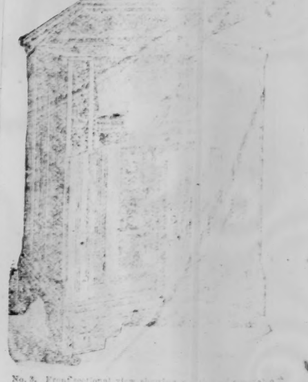

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...Bradley,
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...Kramer,
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2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot.
...Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

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At the Old Stand on Road Street
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...LER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City

...over 3000 vertical ... particulars FREE. Address at once
... Box 520, Augusta, Maine.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, March 8, 1893.

☞The claus are clashing.

☞Some of the "slates" are smashing

☞There isn't offices enough to go round.

☞The CAROLINIAN will keep its readers fully posted.

☞The predictions of the forecasting weather prophets seem to verify.

☞Mrs Margaret Ann, wife of Mr. W. H. Keaton, of Salem, this county, died on the 3rd inst, aged 52 years

☞The debate at the Y. M. C. A. on the annexation of Hawaii is postponed until next Monday night. Mr.

☞Several new houses have been built at Fairville, (late Elizabeth City Fair Grounds. Work on others is in progress.

☞The fishing nets and seines are all in operation, but, because of the cold weather, the catches, as yet, are light.

☞The Directors of the "Albemarle Park Fair Association" are getting ready to open the campaign for this year's Exhibition. This is right. Begin in time. The CAROLINIAN will help to "whoop" it up.

☞Mrs Isaac Harris, living a few miles West of the City, died very suddenly on Friday morning. She had cooked breakfast, as usual, and went out to feed the chickens where she was found lying in the yard dead. Her age was 49 years, 2 months and 18 days.

☞The regular three years' term of Lieut. W. A. Failing having expired, he will be succeeded by Lieut. Gooding, now stationed at Baltimore, Md. Lieut. and Mrs Failing have made many friends here and are held in high esteem. All will regret their leaving.

☞Ex-Senator P. H. Morgan, of Shawboro, is an applicant for the appointment of Superintendent of Life Saving Service for this District. As there is a vacancy, and as it, of course, should be filled by a friend of the new Administration, the CAROLINIAN knows of no one more entitled to it.

☞Those who attended the Inauguration at Washington say they never experienced such a cold and disagreeable day. Slush and sleet struggled for supremacy with the fast falling snow, and to add to the great discomfort, a strong and fierce cold wind kept blowing. Mr. Cleveland's fair weather "luck" forsook him.

☞Elizabeth City keeps on growing. It contains a good many more residences and buildings than it had even a year ago, and its population has considerably increased. All this is continuing to go on. Now let a combined effort be made to start more industrial enterprises. There is an inviting field for them here, and money, too, for those who have the skill and business tact to manage them.

☞Deputy Collectors Wm. G. Pool and Wheeler Martin were recently summoned by Collector White to report at Head Quarters. On reaching there they received orders to assist in making a raid on the "moonshiners" in Wake county. They captured and destroyed a distillery, 900 gallons of beer, 60 gallons of sloppings, several bushels of mash, etc. The distillier made his escape by swimming a creek.

☞The CAROLINIAN most sincerely sympathises with Mr. George L. Buckman, postmaster at Washington, in the loss of his son George Edward, whose death occurred some days ago. His age was 17 years, and the local papers speak of him as a bright boy, highly respected and liked by all who knew him. It is one of the mysteries why Death should be permitted to invade the ranks of fresh maturity and snatch the fruit that is just ripening. In the language of another, "such visitation seems a denial rather than the end of life." We tax philosophy, lean on religion and appeal to hope, and yet how hard it is to say amen.

☞The letters of several valued political friends are both encouraging and appreciated. They are not despondent over the ultimate outlook, nor is the editor of the CAROLINIAN. He believes that in the six million men who stood together on the 8th last November and voted the Republican ticket, undeluded by any of the visions the Democratic party conjured up, unseduced by any of the promises they made—that in them resides to-day the best hopes of the republic, and that as they stand together in truth and fidelity to their principles, they will march on to greater victories in the future than ever they have in the past.

☞Easter falls this year on the 2nd of April,

☞Court at Currituck this week. Next week at Camden.

——FOUND! The greatest Bargain store in town at Robinson & Co.'s

☞"Hoop on, hoop ever" will soon be the feminine motto.

☞Mr. J. M. Gray and family, of Manteo, have removed to Washington, N. C.

——A nice assortment of fine black dress goods at reduced prices at Fowler & Co.'s If you can't call and examine send for samples.

☞The editor of the CAROLINIAN is "all right," thank you. Honor and Duty is his motto.

☞Women are said to have no humor, yet they have inspired more than men.

☞Cotton at Norfolk: Good middling 9 5-16; middling, 9; low middling 8 9-16; good ordinary, 8. Corn, 53.

——You risk nothing in buying of Robinson & Co. All goods are warranted.

☞Hugh Cale has been reappointed one of the Trustees of the Colored Agricultural and Mechanical College at Greensboro.

☞If burning oil falls on the floor, do not throw water upon it. This only feeds the flames for the time being. Smother the fire with carpets or blankets.

☞The rule of the CAROLINIAN is never to publish communications unaccompanied with the author's name. Hence the non-appearance of the letter from Wanchese.

.....Fry Robinson & Co.'s French Peas, California Peaches, Cherries, Apricotts and Pears.

☞Now is the time to clean up all about the premises. Rake up, wheel out and burn every scrap of rubbish. Fire is the great purifier and germ destroyer.

——Our store is all Stove Up; that is to say we've got our stoves up for inspection in such quantity that they fill one side of our store. Robinson & Co.

—BEFORE YOU TRAVEL call upon M. B. Culpepper, Ticket Agent, Elizabeth City, N. C., or address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, 16 Main street, Norfolk Va.

——Ladies and Misses Newmarkets, $2.50 each at Fowler & Co.'s. They were carried over from last year and must be sold. Also a lot of children's cloaks, size from four to six years, from $1.25 up.

—THE ROYAL BLUE LINE is the finest and fastest Railroad in the world. Address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Norfolk, Va., or apply to M. B. Culpepper, Elizabeth City, N. C., for lowest rates to all points.

☞Never put away food in tin plates. Fully one-half the cases of poison from the use of canned goods are because the article was left or put into the can afterwards. China, earthenware or glass is the only safe receptacle for "left-overs."

——A lot of boys suits at $1.25 a suit and a few boys overcoats at $1.25 each at Fowler & Co.'s to close, also a lot of broken sizes in men's suits that will be sold at cut price.

☞An exchange gives a list of nine classes of people that do a town no good. They are: First, those who go out of town to do their trading; second, those who prefer a quiet town to one of push and business; third, those who imagine they own the town; fourth, those who think business can be done in style without advertising; fifth, those who decline public spirited men; sixth, those who oppose every movement that does not originate with themselves; seventh, those who oppose every public enterprise that does not appear to benefit them; eighth, those who seek to injure the credit of an individual; and last but not the least, the high-headed and fine-dressed gents who are slack and indifferent about paying their honest debts—those debts which some person had relied upon their honor to pay. Reader! do you belong to either of the classes?

PHOTOGRAPHS. Mr. Viggo Lund, in charge of EAGLE'S PICTURE GALLERY, on Water street, is prepared to take all kind of Pictures in the latest and best styles. Call and examine specimens and get price

☞The CAROLINIAN is asked the question, "When and under what circumstances was the custom adopted of opening the sessions of Congress with prayer?" When the first Congress met in Philadelphia some one made the proposition that before beginning work prayer should be offered. Several of the representatives objected, among them Jay and Rutledge, who thought it was not advisable on account of the great diversity of religious sentiment in the Congress. Samuel Adams, who was a Congregationalist, settled the question saying, "I can hear prayer from a man of piety and virtue, who is at the same time a friend to his country." He gave evidence of his liberality by nominating for Chaplain an Episcopalian clergyman, who was in his place the next day, and, when he began the service every one rose and stood with bowed head, and the custom has prevalled ever since.

☞"Hoops crushed to earth will rise again," says a wild-eyed joker.

☞Edenton will build a new Market House from a special tax levy.

☞Special attention is called to the advertisement of th McMullen Woven Wire Fence Company

☞"It's a cold day" when Republicans "get left. The "4th of March" was one of 'em!

☞A bill has passed the Legislature to amend the act protecting the fishermen in Perquimans county.

☞The second, March, issue of "Loaves and Fishes" has appeared. Edited and published by W. E. Dunstan.

☞The attention of our Fishermen is called to the advertisement of Caleb Haley & Co. It is one of the most reliable firms in New York.

☞Those wishing to make a safe investment are invited to carefully read the advertisement of the Wright Universal Electric Company in another column.

First-Class Brick: The "Thompson Brick Works" manufacture the best brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and are "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N.C

LOCAL MENTION

All loafers to the rear.—Every man willing to work can find something to do.—M. K. King, esq. Superintendent of the Norfolk and Southern railroad, was in the city Wednesday.—Must have the earth, the gardener.—Typical March weather thus far.—The skating rink is liberally patronized.—On the night of the 1st inst., by Rev. C. S. Blackwell, Mrs. Frances Bell, relict of the late Magor Bell, was married at her residence on Shephard street to Mr. W. D. Shepard.—Some of the political tyros have a few things yet to learn.—Rev. George Baker, former pastor of the Baptist Church, was here on Thursday.—The local Sentimentalist thus defines a kiss:

'Tis something made of nothing, tasting very sweet,
A most delicious compound with ingredients complete.

—Forgetfulness and carelessness are the byways that leed to failure.—How the "heathen rage." Ha! ha!! ha!!!—Mr. Wilson Sanderlin, who has had charge of the Albemarle saloon, has removed to Norfolk. He is succeed by Mr. George H. Wood.—The work of improvement in different parts of the city continues.—The Listener overheard the following: "One never loses anything by keeping his engagements punctually," said one. "My experience is he is apt to lose half an hour's time waiting for the other fellow," was the reply.—Messrs. James Y. Old & Sons have sold their shoe store on Water street to Messrs. Sanderson & Morgan. Mr. Old proposes re-embarking in the lumber business.—The local poet writes truly that:

You will find that luck is only pluck
To try things over and over;
Patience and skill, courage and will,
Are the four leaves of luck's clover.

—The office-seeking Mordecais are pitiously whinning.—The iron bridge over Poindexter creek is nearly completed.—Several Elizabeth City people went to Washington to see the inauguration. Among them was "Andrew," who still has both eyes on the postoffice.—Our old friend Capt. C. L. Odin, of Hatteras, called and paid his respects on Saturday.—"Well what did you learn at school to-day?" little Tommie was asked. "That two negatives make an affirmative," was the answer. "And what does that mean, pray?" "Don't know; teacher didn't have time to to tell us."—Don't try to carry all your religion in your head.—A number of people read the CAROLINAN regularly who are not subscribers.—The Satirist says that the fellows who are fighting crinoline now will be eager to embrace it when the ladies adopt it.—The man who never praises his wife deserves to have a poor one.—Its a curious sort of a bird that perches on an editorial tripod. It claims to be a falcon, but it looks like an owl and acts like a matronly hen.—Hasty consumption, quick lunch.—The Revolator says that there are some society girls who can tell you already just how many days it is now to the end of Lent.—

She gazed at Fashion's new design,
And thought for half a minute,
Then said: "Well if its crinoline,
I vow that I'll be in it."

—The egg market is again reaching the poor man's pocket-book.—What a day Saturday was! Wind, rain, hail, snow! A Populist was heard to call it "Cleveland weather" to the disgust of some of the patriots who want office under this administration.—One reason why some people belong to church is because they haven't been put out yet.—He: "Are you still single?" She: "No, I'm won."—Mr. and Mrs Charles C. Price returned from their bridal trip to Florida on Saturday. They report a delightful time.—Wm. Gordon, a prominent and worthy colored man of this place, left on Monday on a visit to New York City.—The steamer Lizzie Burruss, having been damaged by running on a stake near Fort Landing a few days ago, is on Pailin's Ways for repairs.—See Court advertisement.—Felix Jones esq., of Camden, called yesterday. He was on his return from Raleigh.—Mr. J. H. Harris, the popular and genial travelling agent of Caleb Haley & Co., of New York, is in the City.—Mr. J. P. Overman will conduct the exercsses in the Y. M. C. A. Room next Sunday at 3 o'clock p. m. Subject: Saul; a promising young man, and how he falled.—We are glad to learn that Captain Thomas Spires is improving.—An interesting protracted meeting is in progress at the Methodist Church.—Gilbert Robbins, a young man employed at Fowler's Cotton Factory, in adjusting a belt last night, was caught on the main shaft and the left arm was literally torn from the body. It will probably prove fatal.

Professor Hicks' Prophesies For March.

Professor Ira Hicks, the weather prophet, makes the followsng predictions for March: Storms will end, eastward, about the 2d and cold will follow up to the 6th and 7th. Warmer, with storms about these dates, with the regular change to cold north winds following up to about the 10th. Much warmer about the 11th and 12th, with thunder and heavy storms of rain, snow and wind. The cold following will relax and heavy gales and storms will result from 16th to 18th. For two or three days following it will be cold. From 21st to 25th is a period to be watched, especially on the seas. Sharp cold will result, continuing up to returning warmth, and storms about the 29th and 30th. This is equinoctial month; don't be surprised at things irregular and extreme.

A North Carolinian Wins.

Postmaster General Wanamaker last March offered a gold medal to the railway postal clerk in each of the eleven divistons of the railway mail service who made during the calendar year the best general record in his division. Mr. H. T. Gregory, on the first examination, stood among the first on the list and won one of the medals for proficiency. At a recent examination he won fresh laurels, making the highest average. His record was as follows: Number of cards handled, 13,657; per cent. correct, 100; cards handled per minute, 33.

Strength and Health.

If you are not feeling strong and healthy, try Electric Bitters. If "La Grippe" has left you weak any weary, use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts on Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, gently aiding those organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with Sick Headache, you'll find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 50c at Alex Wadsworth's Drug store.

Three negroes, Joseph Peartree, George Gurganus and Sophia Peartree, were convicted at the late Beaufort county Court of burning the barns and stables of Gaylord Shavender, near Pantego. The first was sentenced eight years and the second twelve years to the penetentiary. In the case of the woman, having an infant only six months old, judgment was suspended.

The doctors have to take a back seat.—Mrs Lewis Goda, Cheshire, Conn., writes: "My son fell from a tree and sprained his neck. Several doctors attended him, but he continued to grow worse, in fact, in fact we thought he would die. Salvation Oil was reccomended, we tried it and with two bottles his neck was well."

This Winter.

This record has broken its record but its backbone seems all righ.—Philadelphia Times.

This "old-fashioned winter" has become an old-fashioned nuisance.—New York World.

Altogether the old fashioned winter is a great success, in its line, May we never have another.—Chicago Evening Post.

"Prof." Wiggin has explained why it is so cold this winter. If that isn't adding insult to injury, now, what is it?—Boston Globe.

The "oldest inhabitant" who asserts that he has experienced a colder winter than the present one may become an object of distrust and suspicion.—Boston Advertiser.

The Difference.

Kansas City Gazette.

At present a dollar will buy twenty pounds of sugar. Under the Democratic sugar tariff it will buy fourteen pounds.

Planters and farmers, whose interests are so largely bound up in keeping horses and mules in conditioh for the plow, the harrow, and the wagon and whose teams are so frequently "thrown out of gear" by collar and trace galls, and by scratches, sand cracks, &c, will surely stand in their own light if they do not keep at the stables a supply of Salvation Oil.

REPAIRING
OF
Fine Watches
AND
JEWELRY,
go to *LOUIS SELIG*, the Jeweler, on Water street.
ENGRAVING
a specialty. ☞The highest prices paid for old Gold and Silver.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

COMPLETE MANHOOD
AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

At last a medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. This is scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years. 300 pages, every page bearing a half tone illustration in tints. Some of the subjects treated are: Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every Man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. If convenient enclose ten cents to pay postage alone. Address the publishers

ERIE MEDICAL CO.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect March 1st, 1893.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily, except Sunday, leave Elizabeth City at 7:00 A. M., and arrive Norfolk at 9:00 A. M. Northbound, daily, except Sunday, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and arrive Norfolk at 4:45 P. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all trains for all points North, East, South and West. Stop will be made at Suffolk for meals. Pullman Sleeping Cars on these trains between Norfolk and Weldon. Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant steamer ... leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line to Wilmington, Charleston, etc., and with the W. & W. R. R. for Kinston, Wilson, Greenville, etc. Returning, leaves Newbern every Tuesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Agents on all the Albemarle Sound Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and intermediate points.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Freight can be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk & Southern depot, Norfolk, Va., consigned to ... & N. R. R. Co., Freight Agent, Elizabeth City, N. C., via Norfolk & Southern R. R. From Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R. Co., Pier ... North River, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier ... North River.

For further information apply to A. Seth Barney, Agent Elizabeth City, N. C., or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va.

E. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pass. Agt.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
J. W. Price & Bro, Props.
Corner Main and Road Sts,
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First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms. Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.
TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel.
Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public,
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

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OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,
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OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
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FOR DYSPEPSIA.
Indigestion, and Stomach Disorders take only
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it. Get only the genuine. Crossed red lines on wrapper. Trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

$65 A MONTH AND BOARD for 3 AGENTS—Teachers, Students, Ministers, or Bright Young Men or Ladies in each county, to take orders for the MOST POPULAR NEW BOOK of the year. Above salary or highest commissions paid. Exclusive territory and 30 days credit given. Send for circular and terms to Agents. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 113 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

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TYLER DESK CO., ST. LOUIS, MO
Our Mammoth Catalogue of BANK COUNTERS, DESKS, and other OFFICE FURNITURE for 1893 now ready. New Goods. New Styles in Desks, Tables, Chairs, Book Cases, Cabinets, &c., &c., and at matchless prices, as above indicated. Our goods are well-known and sold freely in every country that speaks English. Catalogues free. Postage 12c.

DRUM MAJOR.
OF THE Grocery Business.
RIGHT AT THE HEAD OF THE PROCESSION!
EXTREME LOW PRICES! FAIR SQUARE DEALING!
16 oz. Pounds.
DOING JUST AS WE ADVERTISE!
KEEPING GOOD THINGS TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY!

Putting Go in attractive style. Cleanliness and promptness. Buying for cash and selling for cash. These are a few of the many reasons for our

GETTING THERE!

Our music is a little hard for some of our brother grocers to dance to, but we can't help that. They are too slow. We can't wait. Life is too short. DON'T BE A SNAIL, Join the procession; Go with the crowd and buy your.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Tin-ware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Plaster Hair, Shingles, &c.

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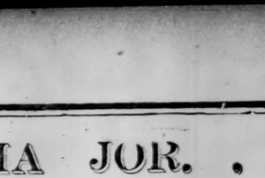
WE POINT WITH PRIDE!



To one of the nicest new stores and the largest line of fresh [new] seasonable novelties ever brought to this section of the Old North State. We are now located in our new quarters on Water Street, near the corner of Main, and have just returned from the factories with the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS TRUNKS, &c., it has ever been our pleasure to offer an appreciative public. We have done business in Elizabeth City for a number of years and fully understand what the people want. We have struck the nail on the head this year, both as to

LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY!

We invite an inspection of these goods and promise satisfaction to each and every customer. Remember that we are now located in our new quarters on Water street near Main, where we will bid you a hearty welcome.

R. SALOMONSKY

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G MORRISETTE.
J. B. FLORA & CO.
AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } HANDLES ALL KINDS AT FACTORY PRICE
That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be deserved. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay You

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Le Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandle Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. Lowest Prices Guaranteed.
New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.
Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at
FOWLER & CO'S
WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,
Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.
Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them. Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.
All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality!

MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniure, Waers and Stationery.
☞I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of☜
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low
If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me
P. W. MELICK.
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

THREE POINTS
POZZONI'S
COMPLEXION
POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1.2.3.
THREE White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists and Fancy Stores. TINTS

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

THE new Senator from Nebraska weighs 225 pounds.

SIR RICHARD OWEN, the naturalist, left an estate valued at about $175,000, which is a little unusual for a scientist.

INVENTOR EDISON'S children by his first wife are familiarly called "Dot" and "Dash," from the characters in the Morse alphabet.

ONE of the most prosperous inventors of the day is George Westinghouse, whose wonderful brake has brought him in a fortune of $30,000,000.

GENERAL GRANT once declined to serve as President of the Panama Canal Company, with a salary of $28,000, because he thought its scheme impracticable.

PRESIDENT DIAZ, of Mexico, according to common rumor, is worth some thirty millions, of which twenty are invested in Mexican railroads, telegraphs and electric light plants.

HANS VON BULOW, the pianist, who was recently removed to a private insane asylum near Berlin, shows no sign of recovering his mental equilibrium, and doctors hold out very little hope.

FRANK VINCENT, who has left Colombo to continue his explorations in Africa, has already traveled over 300,000 miles, and, though he has had many narrow escapes, he never had a serious accident.

MINOT J. SAVAGE, the celebrated Boston divine, preaches extemporaneously, but his thoughts are presented so well that the stenographer's reports rarely require any editing for publication in book form.

CAPTAIN JOHN ADAM COOPER is the youngest veteran of the Mexican War, having enlisted at the age of twelve. He is also the pioneer horse car driver of San Francisco, having been in the business twenty-nine years.

THE clergyman who has continuously occupied one pulpit longer than any other divine in the world is Rev. Dr. Furness, of Philadelphia. His age is ninety, and for sixty-eight years he has been pastor of one church.

IT is not generally known that M. Pasteur, the great French scientist, is an "unlicensed practitioner," and cannot even put a lancet into a man's arm. He has to keep a surgeon to do this for him, in order to comply with the law.

REAR ADMIRAL STEPHENSON, the new commander of the British squadron in the Pacific, has been in Her Majesty's navy for forty years and saw active service in the Crimea, in China and during the Indian mutiny.

THEY say that Judge William Lindsay, of Kentucky, recently elected United States Senator in place of Mr. Carlisle, rarely uses an adjective, and does not rely upon rhetoric in his argument. His appeal is to law and reason.

THE only two natives of Colorado in the House of Representatives of that State are Harry Sims, of Arapahoe, who was the first white child born in Pueblo, and Celestina Garcia, who represents Conejos County, and who is of Mexican parentage.

EX-SECRETARY WILLIAM MAXWELL EVARTS, who celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday recently, has long looked several years older than his true age, owing to the fact that he was never physically strong and has always been a hard worker.

THE venerable banker, Bleichroeder, of Berlin, who died a few days ago, hied himself to Dresden on his seventieth birthday in order to escape any demonstration that his friends might arrange in his honor. But he left a $5000 check for the deserving poor of Berlin.

IT is related of J. Sterling Morton, Cleveland's Secretary of Agriculture, that when his wife died he had a tombstone erected over her grave bearing her name and the names of his three sons. When asked why he had the names of the boys inscribed on the marble, he replied: "Because, if any of them does anything dishonorable I will have his name chiselled from the tombstone."

UNDER THE WALLS.

Seven People Killed by the Crushing of Their Houses.

The lives of seven people were instantly crushed out in their sleep a few mornings ago at Chicago, Ill. At the same moment one other person was fatally injured and two more were dangerously hurt. A heavy wind overturned the toppling walls of the recently burned dry goods establishment of John York at Halstead and Nineteenth streets, and an enormous mass of brick, mortar and timber fell upon a two-story structure adjoining, occupied by the families of John Schmidt, a saloon-keeper, and James Kunze, a jeweler, smashing building and occupants without warning. York's wall was five stories in height and it came down with a force that was terrific. The killed were:

William Kunze, aged sixty-seven years; Mrs. Mary Kunze, aged sixty-five years; John Schmidt, aged forty years; Lizzie Schmidt, aged eleven years; Hattie Schmidt, aged three years; Paulina Montina, aged twenty-one years; George Mesterle, aged twenty-eight years. The injured were:

Mrs. Carrie Schmidt, skull fatally fractured and internally injured; Annie Schmidt, nine years of age, shoulder blade broken; Fred Kunze, aged twenty-six years, head, limbs and body bruised.

THE various German colonial societies have petitioned the Reichstag to protest against the alleged intention of the United States to annex the Sandwich Islands. The petition demands that Germany, if the annexation becomes a fact, should at once seize Samoa and the Tonga Islands.

Hood's Cures

Son of John L. McMurray
Of Ravenswood, W. Va.

A Father's Gratitude

Impels Him to Tell How His Son Was Saved

White Swelling and Scrofula Cured.

"I write this simply because I feel it a duty to humanity, so that others affected as my son was **may know how to be cured.** When he was 7 years old a white swelling came on his right leg below the knee, drawing his leg up at right angles, and causing him intense suffering. He could not walk and I considered him

A Confirmed Cripple.

The swelling was lanced and discharged freely. At length we decided to take him to Cincinnati for a surgical operation. He was so weak and poor we gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla to build up his strength. To **our great surprise,** Hood's Sarsaparilla not only gave strength but caused the sore, after discharging several pieces of bone, to entirely heal up. His leg straightened out, and he now runs everywhere, as lively as any boy." J. L. MCMURRAY, Notary Public, Ravenswood, W. Va.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache. Try a box.

N Y N U—9

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

THE GREAT TAKE THE BEST COUGH CURE 25c 50c & $1.00

SHILOH'S CURE.

Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee.

OUR BIGGEST VESSEL.

The Huge Indiana Successfully Launched at Philadelphia.

Full Description of Our First Real Battleship.

The great United States battle-ship Indiana was successfully launched at the shipyard of the William Cramp & Sons' Company, Philadelphia, Penn., in the presence of thousands of people, among them the President of the United States, several members of the Cabinet and quite a large delegation of Congressmen and others.

The Presidential party came from Washington on a special train over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Among the visitors were Secretary of the Navy Tracy, Postmaster-General Wanamaker, Attorney-General Miller and his daughter, Miss Jessie, the fair christener; Senators Voorhees and Turpie, of Indiana (in honor of which State the vessel is named), and others.

The christening party proceeded to where the battle ship lay and took positions on a raised platform at the bow.

Just as the 4200 tons of steel started down the incline, Miss Miller broke the customary bottle of champagne, it being encased in a beautifully hand-painted and embroidered satin cover, across the bow and firmly said: "I christen thee Indiana."

Whistles shrieked, bells rang and the crowd cheered and waved handkerchiefs and flags.

The huge coast defence ship slid down the well-greased ways with comparative rapidity and struck the smooth waters of the Delaware River with a force that sent waves high into the air. Then she was towed back to the wharves, and in about a year will be ready for service and turned over to the Government.

The keel of the Indiana was laid on May 7, 1891, being the first of the three vessels authorized by the act of Congress approved June 30, 1890. The principal dimensions are: Length of load line, 348 feet; extreme beam, 69 feet 3 inches; draught on level keel, 24 feet. The vessel's displacement will be 10,288 tons. She is built of steel and has a double bottom for a distance of 196 feet, extending for the length covered by the machinery and magazine spaces.

Thus all the vital portions are amply protected, and every feature is provided to enable her to cope successfully with vessels of the heaviest armor and armament. The armament of the Indiana is four thirteen-inch breech-loading rifles, eight eight-inch breech-loading rifles, nine six-inch breech-loading rifles, twenty six-pounder rapid fire guns, four one-pounder rapid fire guns, four Gatling guns, six torpedo tubes.

All the guns are protected by the latest inventions from the fire of an enemy. The rapid-fire guns are so arranged that a raking fire of shot may be thrown around the vessel. The four thirteen-inch and the eight eight-inch guns are mounted in pairs within six turrets, two of which are erected upon the main deck and the remaining four upon the superstructure deck, the former containing the larger and the latter the lesser guns. The turrets are all mounted in redoubts.

The armor of the Indiana, which was made at the works of the Bathlehem Iron Company, is the heaviest that was ever placed on an American warship.

The following figures show the thickness of the plating: Thickness of the side belt is 18 inches, thickness of end diagonal belt 14 inches, thickness of thirteen-inch breech-loading rifle redoubts 17 inches, thickness of eight-inch breech-loading rifle redoubts 8 inches and 10 inches, thickness of conning tower 10 inches, thickness of conning tower tube 7 inches, thickness of casement 5 inches, thickness of eight-inch breech-loading rifle turrets 8.5 inches and 6 inches, thickness of six-inch breech-loading rifle local protection 5 inches, thickness of twenty-pounder local protection 2 inches, thickness of armor deck 2.75 inches and 3 inches.

In addition to the armor protection the engines will be protected by the coal in the bunkers, measuring twelve feet on each side back of the side armor. Each boiler and engine is in a separate watertight compartment, in order to localize any possible injury. The engines are of the twin-screw, vertical, triple-expansion, inverted cylinder type.

The diameter of the cylinder is as follows: High pressure, 34.5 inches; intermediate, 48 inches; low pressure, 75 inches; stroke, 42 inches. There are four double-ended boilers, 18x15 inches in diameter, and two single-ended boilers (donkey) 8½x10 inches in diameter. The normal coal supply is 400 tons, but a coal bunker capacity of 1800 tons is provided.

The vessel, according to contract, must develop a speed of sixteen knots per hour, and thus with a full coal supply will be able to steam for ten days, giving her a radius of action of about 4000 knots. The complement of the vessel, officers and crew will be 460 persons. Good quarters and accommodations are provided for them, and all the latest sanitary improvements will be placed on the battle ship.

The Indiana is designed especially as a vessel to fight and to do no running away at all, and it is the opinion of those acquainted with marine architecture as applied to warships that she will answer fully the purpose for which she was built.

BONANZA MACKAY SHOT.

His Crank Assailant Then Fatally Wounds Himself.

John W. Mackay, the famous mining man and financier, was shot in the back just after noon at San Francisco, Cal., by William C. Rippi, and narrowly escaped death. Rippi, after firing one shot at Mackay, shot himself through the left breast, inflicting a fatal wound. The shooting occurred in the paved court back of the Lick House, which runs from Sutter to Post streets, between Montgomery and Kearney. A white-haired man was noticed walking around Sutter street acting very nervously during the early portion of the morning, throwing his hand back toward his hip pocket. It is the custom of John W. Mackay to go about noon time every day to the jewelry store at Sutton street and Lick Alley to compare the time of day, and he is always prompt. As Mackay reached the end of the alley nearest Sutter street, and a few feet from where the old man was standing, the latter pulled out his revolver and fired one shot. The bullet struck Mackay in the middle of the back. After firing, the would-be murderer turned the pistol on himself, and fired a bullet into his own body. The self inflicted wound was serious, but as long as he could walk he followed Mackay, trying to fire at him again, but he was so weak he could not pull the trigger. He then threw up his hands, exclaiming: "My God, I am satisfied!" Mackay put his hand behind his back and some one raised his coat. As he drew his hand out it was covered with blood, and he told a friend where the ball had taken effect. Mackay was placed in a buggy and taken to the Palace Hotel, where he received medical attention. Mackay's assailant was taken to the City Receiving Hospital. The murderous crank, Rippi, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, and leaves a wife and family there. At one time he was worth over $100,000, and made about $50,000 on Comstock. He came to San Francisco and began gambling in stocks. His money soon began to go. Having been crazed on the subject of stocks, he had an imaginary grievance against the Bonanza King and tried to kill him.

John W. Mackay was born in Dublin, Ireland, and came to New York in his early youth. He was one time a shivering newsboy on Park Row. In 1845 he reached the State of California, where he amassed his colossal fortune. He was one of the four men who made the bonanza firm—Mackay, Flood, O'Brien & Fair—and become one of the financial powers of the Pacific Coast. He owned four-fifths of that firm's property, and is known as the Bonanza King. The foundation of his wealth came from the discovery of the great wealth of the Comstock lode, which yielded $111,000,000. At one time his income from his mines was put down at $800,000 a month. His whole life has been a romance such as was possible perhaps in no other country on the globe. A few years before the discovery of gold in California he was a saloon keeper in Louisville, Ky. He migrated to the Golden West. Two other saloonkeepers, James C. Flood and John O'Brien, went with him. He became a common miner in Sierra County. He amassed some money and went to Virginia City, Nev. Later he lost all he had in the Ophir mine. He went back to the pick and shovel again. After varying fortunes he made his big strike in the Bonanza territory. It was in 1874 that the tide began to turn entirely his own way. The world was astonished by the strike the firm made. Mrs. Mackay has lived of late years mostly in London. She was ambitious to shine in the social world. Mackay is now worth about $50,000,000.

THE total railroad mileage in North Carolina, according to the Railroad Commissioners' report just issued, is 3600 with a record of 135 persons killed and 328 injured. Of these, thirty-nine were killed and 137 injured on the Western North Carolina Road.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

WALTER Q. GRESHAM, Cleveland's Secretary of State, arrived in New York from the West. He met ex-Secretary of State Foster and then visited the Cleveland cottage at Lakewood.

THE New Jersey Assembly at Trenton passed the racing bills over Governor Werts's veto.

IT was announced from Lakewood, N. J., that Mr. Cleveland had selected Henry T. Thurber, of Detroit, Mich., the law partner of Don M. Dickinson, for the post of Private Secretary.

STATE TREASURER MORRISON, of Pennsylvania, in his annual report for the fiscal year ending November 30 last, shows the net debt of the commonwealth on that date to be $2,656,592.23.

A SENSATION was caused at Philadelphia, Penn., by the announcement that the Cofrode & Saylor Company, incorporated, and controlling the Reading Rolling Mills, was insolvent, and that receivers had been applied for.

THE New Jersey Legislature passed the racing bills over the Governor's veto. Next day mass meetings were held in Jersey City, Newark and many other cities and towns in New Jersey to protest against the action.

FRANK H. JENKINS, of Roxbury, Mass., a driver of an express wagon, shot four revolver bullets into the body of his wife, Clara Jenkins, at the home of her mother, making fatal wounds. He then killed himself.

ON the Passumpsic division of the Boston and Maine, just above St. Johnsbury Centre, Vt., two through freights collided at a culvert. Fred Clark, engineer of the up train; Charles West, an engineer who was riding on the same engine, and Fred Green, fireman on the down train, were killed.

THREE bills to repeal racetrack legislation were introduced in the New Jersey Legislature at Trenton; Governor Werts sent in the name of Leon Abbett to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of New Jersey.

A SECTION hand shoveling snow on the New England Railroad, near Hopewell Junction, N. Y., stepped from the track to allow a train to pass, at the same time sticking his shovel into a snowbank. The locomotive struck the handle of the shovel, knocking the man under the wheels of the engine. He was instantly killed.

South and West.

COBB JACKSON, son of Captain Henry Jackson and a grandson of General Henry Jackson, and one of the most prominent and popular young men in the South, shot and killed himself at Atlanta, Ga. He had been greatly disturbed over the disappearance of his friend, Lewis Redwine, and his troubles connected with the closing of the Gate City National Bank.

REDWINE, the defaulting cashier of the Gate City National Bank, of Atlanta, Ga., who absconded with some $60,000, was caught in the suburbs of that city. He refused to talk and had no money with him.

AT Nashville, Tenn., in the Criminal Court, Harvey Weakly, on trial for murder, fell dead in the witness stand. When asked if he had killed the victim, Weakly said he hoped God would strike him dead if he had. Hardly had he spoken when he fell dead to the floor.

CONRAD ZAPF, a mechanic, forty-five years old and demented, was locked in the station house at Groveport, Ohio, for safe keeping. Some time during the night he heated a poker red hot, placed it against his body and impaled himself upon it. He was dead when found.

A FIRE in St. Paul, Minn., caused a loss of $213,000; two firemen were badly injured.

THE Supreme Court of Kansas delivered an opinion in what is known as the Gunn case, which incidentally involved the question of the constitutionality of the Republican House organization. The majority opinion of the court establishes the legality of the Republican House. The Populists decided that they would give up their separate House and recognize the Republican organization.

RALPH DAVIS, of Memphis, the Speaker of the Tennessee House at Nashville, was disbarred by the Circuit Court for accepting bribes to influence a Criminal Judge with whom he had a "pull." He is only twenty-eight years of age.

REPORTS from all parts of Minnesota and the Dakotas indicated that the biggest blizzard of the winter was raging.

A FIRE broke out in Pocahontas, Va., which left about 400 people homeless and caused a loss of nearly $60,000. It started in the centre of the town and twenty wooden buildings were entirely destroyed. The insurance is about $20,000.

THE members of the Kansas Populist House, in a body, took seats in Representative Hall at Topeka.

THE Democratic Convention at Chicago, Ill., nominated Carter H. Harrison for Mayor by an overwhelming majority.

MISS JULIA FORCE, who killed her two sisters at Atlanta, Ga., has been declared insane by a jury.

Washington.

THE President approved the act granting a pension to the widow of the late Major-General Doubleday.

CONSIDERABLE interest attended the last meeting of the Daughters of the Revolution at Washington. It was the closing day of the session. Mrs. Stevenson, the wife of the Vice-President elect, was chosen President-General in place of Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, deceased.

THE resignations of E. H. Conger, United States Minister to Brazil, and John R. Pitkin, Minister to the Argentine Republic, were placed in the hands of the President.

ACTING SECRETARY WHARTON, of the State Department, accepted the offer of a steamship company to bring from Fayal to this country a gun used on the United States vessel General Armstrong in its battle with a British fleet at Fayal in 1814. The gun, known as "Long Tom," was presented to this country by the King of Portugal.

THE Naval Appropriation bill was reported to the Senate with an increase of $531,800 to the House bill. As the bill passed the House it carried an appropriation of $21,550,331, and as reported to the Senate $22,082,131.

SECRETARY FOSTER, of the Treasury Department, was before the Ways and Means Committee of the House for nearly two hours explaining the condition of the Treasury. He estimated a surplus of $17,000,000 on July 1 and a deficit in 1894.

ACCOMPANIED by members of his family and 125 friends Adlai E. Stevenson left Bloomington, Ill., for Washington, on a special train, to take the oath of office as Vice-President of the United States.

RUSSIA and Italy have accepted the invitation of the United States to the naval review and have promised to send some of their best ships.

THE President returned to the House without his approval a bill prescribing the number of district attorneys and marshals in the judicial district of the State of Alabama. This was the first veto of the session.

VICE-PRESIDENT LEVI P. MORTON was honored as none of his predecessors has been. The entire Senate, without distinction of party, united in tendering him a complimentary dinner at the Arlington and in bearing testimony to the admirable manner in which he has presided over the deliberations of the Upper Chamber of Congress for the past four years.

CAPTAIN GEORGE W. SUMNER, equipment officer of the New York Navy Yard, was selected by Secretary Tracy as the first commander of the new triple-screw cruiser Columbia, building at the Cramps.

THE House of Representatives decided the contested election case of McDuffie against Turpin, of the Fourth Alabama District, in favor of the sitting member, who is a Democrat.

Foreign.

ABOUT 250,000 spindles were started at Oldham, England, the cotton spinners accepting a reduction of 2½ per cent. in wages.

THE French steamer Donnai was sunk in a collision near Saigon, France. Seven persons were drowned.

M. JULES FERRY has been elected President of the French Senate by a majority of 148 votes.

THE English Liberals recaptured Circencester, their candidate having advocated Home Rule for Ireland; the by-election at Gateshead showed an increased majority for the Gladstonians.

INTENSE cold prevails in Germany and eastern Europe. In the province of Kalonga, Central Russia, twelve children returning from school were overtaken by a snow storm and frozen to death in the highway.

A PASSENGER train running between Gorlitz, Prussian Silesia, and Dittersbach, Bohemia, ran off the rails and two engines and eight carriages were wrecked. Eight persons were killed and a number injured.

TWENTY SIX Anarchists were arrested while at work in a bomb factory in Rome, Italy.

M. JULES FERRY made a statesmanlike and moderate speech upon taking his seat as President of the French Senate.

LATER NEWS.

REAR-ADMIRAL GHERARDI assumed command at New York of the Naval Review Fleet.

THE Philadelphia and Reading statement for January showed a deficit of $289,734.59.

A MASS-MEETING of leading lawyers, clergymen and educational teachers of New Jersey was held in Trenton to protest against the racetrack laws.

TWO mad dogs were the cause of much excitement in the northwestern portion of Chicago, Ill., and before the police had succeeded in killing the brutes they had bitten five persons, in each case inflicting severe injuries.

IN the courts of Campbell County, Kentucky, at Newport two notable indictments came up for a hearing. They were against A. L. Berry, Representative-elect from the Sixth Kentucky District, the successor of John G. Carlisle. One indictment charged bribery, the other charged malfeasance in office. The Judge of the Court ruled out the former and the Commonwealth Attorney cleared the docket of the latter by a nolle prosequi.

CYRUS LEE'S farmhouse, four miles north of Greenville, Ky., was burned, and Lee, his sister and brother, wife and child were burned to death. No one was left to tell the story of the fire.

IN executive session the Senate refused to reconsider its rejection of John V. L. Findlay, of Maryland, to be Chilean Arbitrator.

THE President made the following nominations: Truxton Beale, of California, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul General of the United States to Roumania, Servia and Greece; G. M. Lambertson, of Nebraska, to be arbitrator on the part of the United States under the treaty for a Claims Commission concluded between the United States and Chile.

LEVI P. and Mrs. Morton gave a reception in Washington to his successor, A. E. Stevenson.

THE President received General Canevaro, the new Peruvian Minister, who presented his credentials from the President of Peru, and also Mr. Clement Haentjens, the new Minister from Hayti, was also received formally.

PRESIDENT HARRISON held his last informal public reception at the White House. It was the largest public function of this character, in point of attendance, held by Mr. Harrison since the first few days of his term as President.

THE Senate in executive session confirmed the nominations of James E. Cochran, of Nebraska, to be Consul of San Salvador; J. E. Stone, of Massachusetts, Consul at Nogales; W. Stanley Hollis, of Boston, Consul at Mozambique.

MADAME JULES GEEVY, widow of the former President of France, died.

THREE THOUSAND striking agricultural laborers created a riot near Bologna, Italy. A regiment of infantry restored order.

THE Governor sent to the Senate the nomination of Samuel Gustine Thompson, of Philadelphia, to be Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in place of Judge Paxson, resigned. The appointment had been tendered to Judge Heydrick, but he declined.

THE Geographical Club, of Philadelphia, Penn., decided to support Lieutenant R. E. Peary in his new expedition to the Arctic regions. The amount of funds to be contributed by the Geographical Club will be from $8000 to $10,000.

A BEAUTIFUL silver service, the gift of citizens of Detroit, Mich., was presented to the United States cruiser Detroit at Baltimore, Md.

AT the County Board meeting at Ashland, Wis., Supervisor Wiltmarth presented evidence showing County Clerk E. D. Fenley to be $16,000 short in his account with Ashland County.

RICHARD M. BISHOP, of Cincinnati, ex Governor of Ohio, died at the residence of his son in Jacksonville, Fla., where he had been ill for five weeks with a complication of diseases. He was born November 4, 1812, in Fleming County, Kentucky.

MARKSVILLE, La., was visited by a terrific cyclone. Scattered timber and uprooted trees now mark the place where handsome residences stood. Two persons were killed and forty injured.

THE special train, consisting of three parlor cars and a baggage car, which carried Grover Cleveland, Mrs. Cleveland, little Ruth and servants from Lakewood, N. J., to Washington made the trip in six hours and a half. On the train were Mr. and Mrs. Don M. Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel S. Lamont, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder, Doctor and Mrs. Joseph D. Bryant, E. C. Benedict and his family. The Cleveland's were immediately driven to their apartments in the Arlington Hotel.

MR. HARRISON, before retiring from the Presidency, accepted a professorship in the Leland Stanford University of California. He will deliver a series of lectures on constitutional law, commencing in October next.

THE German Government will send the corvette Empress Augusta and the cruiser Seidler to the naval review at New York.

THE Pope's eighty-third birthday was observed in Rome, Italy.

THE Portuguese corvette Alfonzo Albuquerque, commanded by Captain Amaval, ex-Minister of Marine, will go to New York to take part in the great naval review.

TRAGEDY AT A LAUNCHING.

Spectators Drowned at a Shipyard in West Bay City, Mich.

The laying of the keel of the Centurion and a launching resulted in an accident by which several persons were killed or injured in the shipyard of F. W. Wheeler & Co., in West Bay City, Mich. It being the one hundredth keel laid by this firm, the occasion was made one of enjoyment to numerous invited guests.

The great crowd of spectators adjourned to the wood-working yard, where the launching of No. 93, a schooner, was to occur. On the north side of the slip was the steam barge Kittie M. Forbes, frozen in the ice. The hurricane deck of the Forbes was black with men and boys, who were driven off the boat once and warned of danger, but insisted upon returning.

As the schooner launched struck the water, it forced an immense volume of water under the Forbes, causing her to roll almost on her beam ends. There was a great scramble, and about fifteen were swept overboard. In an instant the forms of the injured and drowning arose to the surface, and some landed on the ice between the two boats, which were then only a few feet apart. Every person in sight was saved, but five or more were drowned.

A RIOT IN HUNGARY.

Three Persons Killed and Many Injured by Gendarmes.

A riot, attended by fighting and blood shed, occurred in the town of Szoboszlo Hungary, over the imposition of new market tolls. A multitude of persons was gathered in Szoboszlo, as it was a regular market day. They pelted the gendarmes with stones and mud. The latter were unable to resist the mob and retreated to the Szoboszlo town hall. There they were quickly surrounded. The gendarmes barricaded the building and fired on the multitude. The latter only grew more enraged, and would probably have captured the town hall and killed the gendarmes but for the timely arrival of reinforcements. The rioters were dispersed, three of their number having been killed and many seriously wounded.

THE Norton heirs won the suit to compel the city of Superior, Mich., to purchase $156,000 worth of land for park purposes.

How Buzzards Kill Snakes.

"I once observed," said Lamartine Gibson to a St. Louis Globe-Democrat man, "what was to me a new and interesting sight—that of a half-dozen buzzards killing a snake. It was years ago, when I lived as a boy down on a farm near Sheboull, Ill. One June morning I sat on a rail fence under a walnut tree, overlooking a field of growing wheat, when I observed high in the air two or three buzzards sailing about, just as lazy and delightfully smooth as one could imagine, around and around in a circle. It was not long until several more arrived and then I counted a half dozen. They drew nearer from over a patch of woods and dropped near the ground in the next field. Here they circled about, every now and then swooping close to the earth, and all at once arose with a great, black, wriggling cord that I at once imagined must be a snake. The buzzard dropped the snake from about fifteen feet up and then dropped right after it and brought it up again. I jumped from the fence and ran across the field over near where the battle, somewhat lopsidely, was progressing.

The half dozen buzzards were close together, taking turn about at the snake, carrying it aloft and then dropping it with a deadly thud. I thought at the time that a snake could not stand many falls like that, and so I grabbed a stick and ran near to where it last fell. My approach scared them away. One bird, however, made a swoop and gathered the snake by the back, but the beak grip was not strong enough and the serpent fell to the ground. I reached there before the bird could swoop again, and stood guard over the remains. The snake was stunned to death. It was considerably torn—a great, long black snake fully five feet in length and one and a half inches in thickness. I added a few blows with my club for assurance sake and then walked away to see if the buzzards would return. They had ascended high into the air, but they were still over the spot, circling about, awaiting my departure. I drew off and sat down by the fence. Then they came down. One seized the reptile and sailed away, closely followed by the other five. It was a battle of birds then, and in the scrimmage the reptile was frequently dropped. The contest continued far over the fields and out of my vision."

Mrs. U. S. Grant has a beautiful casket for perfumes that was presented to her by the Prince of Decca. It is of filigree gold and silver, wrought in the shape of a pagoda.

It is said forty-two young men of Atchison, Kan., have taken an oath not to be found in company with a woman who wears hoop-skirts.

Miss M. M. Dyer is on the road for a St. Louis (Mo.) grocery house.

A Word
To American Housewives.

I regard the Royal Baking Powder as the best manufactured and in the market.
It is an act of simple justice and also a pleasure to recommend it unqualifiedly to American housewives.

Marion Harland
Author of "Common Sense in the Household."

Will be Glad to Start a

GARDEN

For any one, in this anniversary year, FREE OF CHARGE.

HOW? *IN THIS WAY.*

Send them 25 cts. to pay postage and packing and they will mail you gratis, their JUBILEE YEAR COLLECTION of SEEDS, consisting of Succession Cabbage, New York Lettuce, Ponderosa Tomato, Bonfire Pansy, Zebra Zinnia, and Shirley Poppies. (The six packets of seeds named, composing the Jubilee Year Collection, cannot be bought elsewhere for less than 50 cents.)

BUT THIS IS NOT ALL,

for with every Collection they will also add, Free, their Catalogue for 1893 of "EVERYTHING FOR THE GARDEN," provided you will state where you saw this advertisement. Every copy of this grand Catalogue alone costs 25 cts., and its 150 pages are strewn with hundreds of new engravings, and embellished with eight beautiful colored plates, all of which truthfully portray the Cream of everything in Seeds and Plants.

EVERY EMPTY ENVELOPE
Is worth to the buyer 25 cents.

Purchasers of the Jubilee Year Collection will receive the seeds in a red envelope, which they should preserve, because every such envelope, when enclosed with an order for goods selected from the Catalogue here referred to, will be accepted as a cash payment of 25 cts. on every order amounting to $1.00 and upward. These Collections can be written for, or if more convenient, be obtained at the stores of PETER HENDERSON & CO., 35 & 37 Cortlandt St., New York, where Seeds, Plants, etc., are sold at retail all the year round. Postage stamps accepted as cash.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

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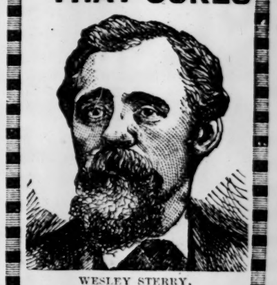
BOITRE or Thick Neck Cure. By Mail, $1. J. N. KLEIN, Belleville, N. J.

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

Do Not Be Deceived with Pastes, Enamels and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron and burn red.

The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

THE KIND THAT CURES



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Morristown, N.Y.

Kidney Trouble for 12 Years, Completely Cured.

DANA SARSAPARILLA CO.,
MESSRS.—For **12** years I have been badly afflicted with **Kidney Trouble.** Two years ago I had **"La Grippe,"** which settled in my back. At times it was hard work for me to get around. Last Feb. I had another attack of **"La Grippe,"** which left me so bad **I could hardly get across the room.** Our merchant advised me to try a bottle of

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA

I did so, and have taken **three** bottles of SARSAPARILLA and one bottle of DANA'S PILLS and I am **COMPLETELY CURED. No trouble with Kidneys; no backache; good appetite,** and I never felt better in my life. You may publish this if you wish, **as every word is true.**

Yours truly,
Morristown, N.Y. WESLEY STERRY.

GENTS.—We are personally acquainted with Mr. Sterry, and **know** his statements are **true.**
Respectfully, A. P. & C. P. MCNEILL.

Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Belfast Maine.

$75.00 To $250 can be made monthly working for B. F. Johnson & Co., No. 3 South 11th St., Richmond, Va.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"
MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY,

Colvin, Ia., Dec. 2, 1888.—My wife used MOTHER'S FRIEND before her third confinement, and says she could not be without it for hundreds of dollars.
DOCK MILLS.

Sent by express on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

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FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. *ATLANTA, GA.*

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. The Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. 25 CTS. 25 CTS.

We offer you a ready made medicine for Coughs, Bronchitis and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Like other so called Patent Medicines, it is well advertised, and having merit it has attained a wide sale under the name of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

It is now a "Nostrum," though at first it was compounded after a prescription by a regular physician, with no idea that it would ever go on the market as a proprietary medicine. But after compounding that prescription over a thousand times in one year, we named it "Piso's Cure for Consumption," and began advertising it in a small way. A medicine known all over the world is the result.

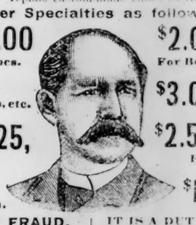
Why is it not just as good as though costing fifty cents to a dollar for a prescription and an equal sum to have it put up at a drug store?

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

Other Specialties as follows:

$4.00 & $5.00 Fine Sewed Shoes.
$3.50 Police, Farmers, etc.
$2.50, $2.25, $2.00 For Working Men.
$2.00 & $1.75 For Boys and Youths.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed.
$2.50 & $2.00 For Ladies.
$1.75 Misses.



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IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised, as thousands can testify.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. DO YOU WEAR THEM?

Exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIR Free to any one promising to buy W. L. Douglas Shoes when next purchasing. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

HALL'S ★ ★ ★

City of Toledo, Lucas Co., State of Ohio. } S. S.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of **ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS** for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Frank J Cheney

Sworn to before me, and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

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A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

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CONDUCTOR E. D. LOOMIS, Detroit, Mich., 1878: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it.

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